

BERTIE COUNTY

106 Dundee Street Post Office Box 530 Windsor, North Carolina 27983 (252) 794-5300 Fax: (252) 794-5327 www.co.bertie.nc.us

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

RONALD "RON" WESSON , Chairman TAMMY A. LEE, Vice Chairman ERNESTINE (BYRD) BAZEMORE JOHN TRENT STEWART WHITE

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

November 16, 2015





Land purchase Secures Eco-tourism and Recreation Initiative

WINDSOR, NC - On November 16, 2015 the Bertie County Board of Commissioners took action to acquire 137 acres of land on the Albemarle Sound. By unanimous vote the County's governing body approved the expenditure of \$1,250,000 to secure public water access for recreation and tourism. Future plans may include a visitors center for hosting outdoor performing arts, and to serve as an educational venue for the natural sciences and historical exploration along the site's 2,200 linear feet of coastal waters on the "inner banks" of North Carolina.

Beginning in early 2013, the Board of Commissioners identified four strategic business clusters: Agribusiness, Bio-mass and energy, Adventure Tourism and Waterfront development as areas of focus for the County's economic development efforts. As initially envisioned, Bertie County's "adventure tourism" efforts would capitalize on natural and wildlife resources for activities such as hunting, fishing, bird watching and eco-tourism activities such as hiking and canoeing.

"Providing public access to the County's eastern boundary waters of the Chowan River and Albemarle Sound has been one of our top priorities for several years," remarked Ronald Wesson, Chairman of the Board. Developing paddle trails and access to natural resources is a growing trend in Bertie County as evidenced by the Town of Windsor's construction of multiple waterway access sites, and establishing camping platforms along the Cashie River.

Bertie County has a unique opportunity to build on its location as a "gateway community" to the Outer Banks by offering experiences that are unparalleled in the realm of historical, natural resources and eco-tourism. In an August 2015 New York Times article covering recent archeological findings for the noted Lost Colony on Roanoke Island, Merry Hill, NC was identified as a location where ceramics and other material of European origin, that might have come from Roanoke's colonists. The article describes how British researchers re-examined historic coastal maps, which point to a spot on the western end of the Albemarle Sound near the outlets of the Chowan River and Salmon Creek in Bertie County. Commissioner Stewart White noted that "interest in the story of the Lost Colony and the archeological activity in Bertie County is really growing."

The County has also taken steps in recent months to partner with other local governments on a regional basis to promote eco-tourism, paddle trails for canoeing and kayaking and other attractions for visitors to northeastern North Carolina, which is described as "balancing nature and commerce." Vice Chairman Tammy Lee represents the Bertie County on this regional initiative.

The Board of Commissioners is seeking several grant opportunities such as the North Carolina Park and Recreation Trust Fund, reported Bertie County's economic developer Steve Biggs, "which should provide additional funds to develop this site in coming years." Chairman Wesson stated that "this Board's firm expectation is that this transaction will not negatively impact the County's tax rate."

The County is using funds from cash reserves, primarily from its water system enterprise fund which had borrowed monies from the General Fund to subsidize its start-up operations in the 1990s. The General Fund loaned \$855,000 to Water District II over several fiscal years, which will now be reimbursed as part of this transaction. The Board's action included the transfer of \$855,000 from Water District II cash reserves to the General Fund as repayment for this loan. The County's General Fund will provide the remaining \$395,000 from its fund balance reserves. Commissioner John Trent further clarified that "this is a cash transaction, with no additional debt for the County, and demonstrates what can be accomplished with good fiscal management."

Commissioner Ernestine Bazemore shared with the citizens in the audience that the County needs your input, stating "we want to hear from you and to understand your interest and your ideas in seeing this project develop."

In the coming weeks, the Board of Commissioners will look to engage a planning consultant to assist with development of a vision for the ultimate build out for this property to include road access, parking, restroom and picnic facilities in the first phase. Other potential amenities may include an outdoor performance stage on the waterfront, a heritage tourism and Lost Colony visitor education center in the second phase. "The possibilities are unlimited" said Chairman Wesson, referring to swimming for children, adventure programming through the Cooperative Extension Service's 4-H clubs, hosting corporate outings, family reunions, and church events including river baptisms in the shallow sandy waters on the shoreline. "Educational field trips for school children, a vacation spot for local families and hosting visitors from across the State and

region are also possible with this investment, which will serve many generations into the future," said Wesson.

"This was a team effort with the Board of Commissioners fully engaged from the outset" noted County Manager Scott Sauer. The Board set high expectations for this project and everyone performed in an exceptional manner said Chairman Wesson, giving special thanks to the County's legal team Lloyd Smith and Jonathan Huddleston, Finance Officer William Roberson, Planning Director Traci White and project leadership from Economic Developer Steve Biggs.





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APRIL 7, 2016



131536 07-12-16 ANAGER BERTTE COUNTY MANAGER PO BOX 530 27983-0530 WINDSOR NC 27983-0530



The 16th annual Hertford-Gates Relay for Life begins at 5 p.m. on Friday at Chowan University.

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OBITUARIES:

nside this edition on page 6 Full obituaries can be found

ewell G. Glover Edward Bellamy Beatrice Parker Ruth B. Smith Eula M. Lee

BEST BET:

Shrine Club fundraiser

will host a boneless pork AHOSKIE - Roanoke Chowan Shrine Club tion dinner from 11 a.m. April 8 at the club lountil 2:30 p.m. on Friday, cated on NC 11 between Ahoskie and Murfreesboro. Plates are \$8 each, eat-in or take-out.

Proceeds benefit the Shriners Hospitals for

Termite Tykes'

Sounds' good Educators push for environmental programs

By GENE MOTLEY Staff Writer WINDSOR - It's cliché, but: If it's built - they will come.

tie County educators believe That's what a group of Beris conceivable with the 137 acres of land on the Albemarle Sound with 2,200 feet of coast line that's been named the Tall Glass of Water Project.

The county hopes to use the land as a location for recreation, education, and tourism.

Emily Miller of McAdams and Associates is overseeing a Parks and Recreation Trust Fund (PARTF) application the county will submit by the May 2 deadline for review and consideration, seeking \$500,000 for land acquisition cost reimoursement on the property.

Among the ideas considered

are for the establishment of recreational facilities to include beach access, water recreation, picnic shelters, resthiking and biking trails in the room facilities, camping sites, initial phase.

of 2016 assisted with the participation of university students from either N.C. State ect will commence in the fall in Raleigh or East Carolina in Master planning for the proj-Greenville.

At the monthly Board of in private and public schools Commissioner's meeting in ent an idea they believe would Windsor on Monday, several educators appeared to presbenefit Bertie County students and beyond.

County school board mem-

Bertie County Board of Education member Jo Davis Johnson (right) appears with Windsor Elementary School Principal Mona Gilliam at the Bertie Commissioner's meeting Monday in Windsor. The educators hope the county's STAFF PHOTO BY GENE MOI LEY recently purchased Albernarie Sound property can be used for environmental

See BERTIE, Page 5 education programs.

Continued from

includes hands-on ac- in a book. tivities allowing the stuislands and its five habi- year long," tats.

believe Organizers the school group aca- eco-systems from the both at Trinity Center lantic Ocean. and when they return with Johnson before the natural habitat. Commissioners.

go and learn."

cese, as a campground in incredibly educated." the 1980's, with "Sound to Sea" coming in 1992.

"My dream when I came back home was just so impressed with created themselves.

Three Bertie County like little scientists." ber Jo Davis Johnson schools have visited in Carteret County. the students returned portunity to purchase "Sound to Sea" offers they created both the books as well. school groups a habi- Tube video and pub-

maintained.

"Sound to Sea" benefits actually visit the coastal

Teachers, had never put their feet with the groups of kids students and chaper in the sand," Johnson was amazing and made ons have praised the explained. "They had me think what they program, including sevinever walked on a beach, don't get a chance to ex-eral with Bertie County experienced salt water perience and how this Schools who appeared or sea creatures in their was a 'wow' moment for

"It became so power- is that the Sound is the never been on an overful that teachers were ocean's nursery, and night trip, something coming to me saying how the bodies of water children in some other it's good for all our chil- are connected," she add- parts of the state may dren," Johnson said ed. "They learn how to take for granted," said "This is a place they can protect the environment Mona Gilliam of Wind-The Bogue Banks land for future use. If we do are the things we want was donated by a church this in Bertie County, our children to learn group, the Episcopal Dio- our children would be so because one day they'll

The principals echoed much the same praise.

why can't we do this the hands on expericould be the hub of teach- better ways for children Title-I funding that have

ing and learning thanks to do well than to live it, to a dream you all have breathe it, and experie made a little more real." ence it. They were really

Gregory said the book discussed the "Sound to "Sound to Sea" since last the children created was Sea", the only residen- year for overnight stays presented to the school tial environmental edu- at the campus: Aulander board, and copies have cation program on the Elementary, Windsor El- been made available in Outer Banks at Trinity ementary, and West Ber- the schools' libraries, Center on Bogue Banks tie Elementary. When and parents had an op-

"These kids really tat-based program that lished their adventure wanted to come back and write stuff," said Au "They made it a proj- lander science teacher dents a chance to explore ect-based learning unit Jean Boller. "This shows North Carolina's barrier of study that lasted all the kind of stuff they'll Johnson see on the End of Grade. (EOC) tests. The kids The students in groups saw (marine life) and it was fun."

"The experience itself demically and socially, (Bogue) Sound to the At- is just priceless," said entic Ocean. Wes Dudley of West Ber-"Some of these kids tie. "To sit on the beach so many of them."

"What they find out "Some of my kids had and how to preserve it sor Elementary. "These have to take our place."

Commissioners The also viewed the YouTube "Our children were video which the students

The principals said here," Johnson asked. ence," said Aulander's the average cost per trip "(This is) a place where Tracy Gregory. "Eco- is \$160 per student with the students, the teach- systems are a major part some of the expense ers, and the community of our testing, and what (\$10,000) paid through



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See CPA, Page A5



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Schools suggest new program

By Leslie Beachboard

Bertie Ledger-Advance

WINDSOR - Environmental learning possibilities could be endless for Bertie County Schools.

Jo Davis Johnson presented an interesting idea to the Bertie County Commissioners at this week's meeting.

Three Bertie County elementary schools attended the Sound to Sea Program last year in Salter Path. Johnson expressed to the board that the recent purchase of the land on the Albemarle Sound would be an excellent place to begin a project like Sound to Sea.

"Why can't we have an environmental educational experience like this in Bertie County?" asked Johnson.

"Instructors come from many colleges and universities. The students

See PROGRAM, Page A6



LESLIE BEACHBOARD / Bertie Ledger-Advance

West Bertie Principal Wesley Dudley speaks to the Bertie County Commissioners while Windsor Elementary Principal Mona Gilliam listens on.

From Page 1

From PAGE A1 are broken down into groups of eight to 10 per group along with instructors. teachers and parents. It is a phenomenal experience." added Johnson.

Sound to Sea, the only residential environmental education Banks, offers school groups a habitat-based program that includes multi-disciplinary hands-on activities, a

challenge course and special evening programs.

Last year 110 school groups, including 6,000 students in grades 2nd through 12th, teachers, and chaperons explored the barrier island and it's habitats.

Sound to Sea is a program on the Outer non-profit educational service for public and private school youth. their teachers, and other supervising adults.

The program is spon-

sored by Trinity Center. a camp and conference center owned and operated by the Episcopal Diocese of East Carolina.

Sound to Sea encompasses 62 acres of salt marsh, maritime forest. freshwater ponds, sand dunes, and one-third mile each of sound and beachfront.

The goals of the program are to increase awareness of the human community, to in-

troduce students and teachers to a variety of habitats typical of a North Carolina Barrier Island, to apply a practical way, to enhance relationships between adults and students, and to stimulate personal growth-students develop a sense of independence and responsibility.

Along with Johnson, Bertie County School's principals and staff

that have attended the event were present to explain their opinion of a program like this.

"When I say they exclassroom learning in perienced it, they were in the water," said Tracy Gregory, Aulander Elementary STEM School Principal.

> "Some kids don't get a chance to experience this. Some of these kids had never put their feet into the sand. The only complaint was the trip did not last long

enough," explained Wesley Dudley, West Bertie Elementary School Principal.

"If we build something this awesome in Bertie County. The people will come," concluded Johnson.

The board thanked Bertie County Schools for bringing this interesting information and they said they would keep this in mind as the plans progress with the property.

Wanted: World War I artifacts for new exhibit in January of 2017

ELIZABETH CITY - The year 2017 marks the hundredth anniversary of the formal entrance of the United States into World War I.

To commemorate the event, in January 2017 the Museum of the Albemarle will open a new exhibit: Tar Heels in the Trenches: The Great War and the Albemarle.

Despite the country's fascination with the sequel. World War I had a major impact on the nation. Orga-

emy right to America's doorstep. German Uboats sank merchant ships within sight of the Outer Banks. In August 1918, U-140 even destroyed the Diamond Shoals Lightship, though, without any loss of life among the crew.

Unfortunately, neither the Museum of the Albemarle or the North Carolina Museum of History have many Great War artifacts from the Albemarle Region. If anybody has marle Region. In order to have adequate time to design and write the exhibit text, the muse-

um's staff requests that loaned items arrive before July 2016.

First World War artifact, document or photograph, please contact Anyone who has a Leonard Lanier via e-

mail, leonard.lanier@ ncdcr.gov, or via phone. 252-331-4030.



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5 Day Forecast

Obits

State seeking growth of outdoor recreation industry

By Michael Abramowitz The Daily Reflector

Tuesday, June 12, 2018

This summer, North Carolina's outdoor recreation lovers are heading to their favorite locales for fishing, hunting, boating, camping and other favorite activities, where those in the recreation industry eagerly await them... and their cash.

It is a growing industry that the State Commerce Department wants to promote more fully.

To that end, N.C. Commerce Secretary Anthony Copeland in January appointed attorney David Knight as director of the state's new Outdoor Recreation Industry Office, serving as the eyes and ears of the public-private partnership system. Since the office was created through the 2017 legislative budget, Knight has been touring the state's eight economic prosperity regions to gather input from county and municipal government leaders on how best to promote North Carolina's outdoor recreation economy and recruit new outdoor industry businesses to the state.

"This industry is an incredibly important economic driver for North Carolina and the nation, in ways that a lot of people don't realize," Knight said. "It's starting to flex its muscle and raise its voice now, so we need to focus on sustaining and growing the industry by supporting, understanding and promotion of outdoor recreation opportunities and the attributes of the state that allow industries to thrive here and attract new businesses."

Every year, Americans spend about \$887 billion on outdoor recreation, which employs 7.6 million people. In North Carolina, outdoor recreation is a \$28-billion industry, Knight said.



1 of 4

Greenville leaders are working to expand the city's kayaking and canoeing opportunities, such as those found at River Park North on Mumford Drive north

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The commerce representative was at River Park North in Greenville on Friday as guest of Andrew Schmidt, executive director of the Greenville-Pitt County Convention and Visitors Bureau, and Brad Hufford, associate director of the Pitt County Development Commission. He was there to share his plans, learn the barriers that particular communities face and and hear suggestions from economic development leaders, recreation officials and outdoor recreation business representatives.

Among the participants were Gary Fenton, Greenville Recreation and Parks director, and economic development representatives of Beaufort, Bertie and Martin counties, Also attending were Shyla Boskey of the Greenville Economic Development Office, Cameron Bolter of Grady-White Boats, Lee Padrick of N.C. Rural Commerce Development and Joe Albea, host of the WUNC/PBS TV show, Carolina Outdoor Journal and the Carolina Outdoor Expo.

Fenton identified BMX (bicycle motocross) as a once-thriving recreation business in Greenville that no longer offers state-of-the-art facilities and has lost much of its lustre and attraction.

"We are meeting with (interested parties) about the development of a new facility and some fundraising associated with that," Fenton said."It's going to happen, but will take a while."

Fenton said the city also is looking at the possibility of acquiring lake lands in proximity to the Tar River, using grant funds and corporate partnerships.

"One of the properties would contain state park land and a new BMX facility and some other recreational opportunities," he said. "I can see us creating interest in kayaking and canoeing by offering beginning and intermediate classes to create demand among the many people that have never done it."

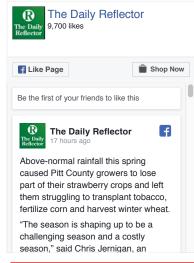
Barney Conway of the Martin County Tourism Development Authority, talked about efforts and challenges to increase and upgrade kayaking facilities in proximity to the county's waterways.

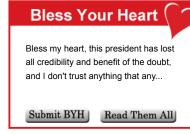
"We have an outdated kayak launch pad that doesn't accommodate today's larger kayaks," Conway said. "We have three areas where we can bring in more useful ramps, at about \$19,900 each. The county told me that's a lot of money and town leaders suggest we just modify the outdated existing ramps, saying, 'That's the way we used to do it.' Sometimes I just want to throw my hands up and go into another field."



Search







Martyn Johnson, director of Beaufort County Economic Development, said quality of access is an issue for his community.

"We have a number of access ramps and docks, but some of it is in disrepair and not the right size for today's equipment," he said. "Keeping up with repairs against the natural weathering process is expensive."

Steve Biggs of the Berties County Economic Development Commission said public access is an issue in itself.

"We have 18 miles of waterfront in Bertie County and not a single place for people on the private side to go swimming," Biggs said.

Fenton said Greenville plans to add paddle boats at points along the Tar River, in close proximity to the city's greenways system entry points.

"That likely will be done through a public-private relationship for boats, kayaks and canoes to be used along the river," he said.

Knight said the Roanoke is a good example of common problem facing many recreation enthusiasts.

"There is a lot of access, but people have to bring everything themselves," he said. "There are no outfitters and guides to assist with the experience. Other states succeed where they have these public-private partnerships creating clusters of outfitters that grow to include restaurants and diners as a starting point for economic growth."

Knight will prepare individual reports about the outdoor recreational opportunities and needs of each region and compile them into a larger report that will be reviewed by an advisory council that will be formed to help direct the goals and objectives of the Outdoor Recreation Industry Office.

Contact Michael Abramowitz at mabramowitz@reflector.com or 252-329-9507.

From Today

Post 39 blast Post 46, 13-0



Elderly couple attacked, robbed at



State seeking growth of outdoor recreation



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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Kate B. Reynolds Charitable Trust announces \$150,000 grant for Blue Jay Recreation Park

Addition of paved walking trail, covered picnic shelter, and other improvements expected for

the Indian Woods Community near Highway 11 in western Bertie County





<u>WINDSOR, NC</u> – Blue Jay Recreation Park in the Indian Woods community has been awarded a \$150,000 grant for construction of a paved walking trail and facility improvements according to the Bertie County Board of Commissioners announcement at its meeting on May 15th which was held at the Blue Jay Volunteer Fire Department.

Vice Chairman Ernestine Bazemore and Commissioner Ron Wesson provided the project coordination with the Blue Jay Recreation Committee, which was accelerated last year by the approval of the County's thirty-year lease of the park property and the commitment to provide facility improvements.

The Kate B. Reynolds Charitable Trust, established in 1947 is committed to improving the quality of life and quality of health for the financially needy of North Carolina. "Its Health Care Division promotes wellness programs and found the Blue Jay Recreation Park's establishment of

a community walking trail to be a very worthy investment," according to Adam Linker, Program Officer for the Trust.

Anthony Smallwood, a lifelong community resident whose father Bart F. Smallwood, founded the Blue Jay Recreation Center in the 1960s was in attendance at the Commissioners meeting, and shared "this is truly a blessing for Blue Jay and all of the people who helped to make this happen."

Bertie County's mission is to improve the health, safety and quality of life for all of its citizens. The Blue Jay Recreation Committee established in the late 1960's with the one goal of providing wholesome quality recreation for both youth and adults. Players were required to pledge: "I trust in God, I love my country and will respect its laws. I will play fair and strive to win. But win or lose, I will always do my best" as detailed in Arwin D. Smallwood's "Bertie County—An Eastern Carolina History" published in 2002.



For the fiscal year 2016-2017 the Board of Commissioners committed to making the Blue Jay Recreation Park a key priority and approved initial funding of \$83,450 to address parking and street access, demolition of an existing unsafe structure and preliminary work for a restroom and concession facility. Site work is now complete, and there is \$60,000 of this initial appropriation remaining, and other local funds of \$14,050 available for construction of the proposed restroom and concession building at the park, which will include a covered picnic shelter according conceptual drawings prepared by Anthony Rascoe, the County's Superintendent of Public Buildings.

The Kate B. Reynolds Health Care Division capital grant for \$150,000 will support construction of a paved walking trail, six-foot-wide around the perimeter of this five (5) acre park, estimated

to cost \$100,000 with use of local contractors. The walking trail is proposed as a 2,062-foot paved surface for children, families and senior citizens to enjoy throughout the year, providing a safe and healthy form of exercise. There are two stream beds (ditches) which will require construction of small bridge platforms to insure safe crossing, and with any remaining funds light poles and overhead lights will be erected, and park benches will be installed approximately every seventy-five yards. It is anticipated that the lighting portion of this project will be a partnership with Roanoke Electric Cooperative, the utility which serves this area according to the grant documents.

A map of the proposed layout of the site is included with this transmittal.

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BERTIE COUNTY

106 Dundee Street Post Office Box 530 Windsor, North Carolina 27983 (252) 794-5300 Fax: (252) 794-5327 www.co.bertie.nc.us

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JOHN TRENT, Chairman ERNESTINE (BYRD) BAZEMORE, Vice Chairman RONALD "RON" WESSON TAMMY A. LEE STEWART WHITE

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

June 30, 2016



A delay in schedule provides opportunity for price reduction, saving taxpayers \$250,000

Bertie County has closed on the real estate transaction to acquire 137 acres of waterfront property on the Albemarle Sound providing public water access for recreation and tourism, and saved the taxpayers a quarter of a million dollars in the process.

On June 3, 2016 Commissioners Bazemore and Trent successfully negotiated a \$250,000 price reduction and executed an amendment to the original purchase agreement which dropped the price for the 137 acres to \$1 million.

In late May, the Board of Commissioners authorized Chairman John Trent and Vice Chairman Ernestine Bazemore to take formal steps to bring closure to the \$1.25 million transaction

originally approved in November 2015. They were also authorized to seek a potential price reduction as a result of the protracted discussions with the broker for the seller.

"This was a business transaction, plain and simple" remarked Chairman Trent, "and the Board has authorized staff to proceed with grant applications to offset part of the investment for development of this recreational area."

Vice Chairman Bazemore commented that "this project is gaining momentum and we are seeking public input for the site development and planning efforts so that we can provide recreational opportunities for our residents."

The County is seeking project development support from East Carolina University's sustainable tourism program led by Dr. Paige Viren. Associate Professor Viren joined the ECU faculty in 2008 and has worked with the Town of Windsor, where she and her students assisted with grants to expand handicap accessible kayak launches and boat ramps on the Cashie River.









Trust Buys Land Possibly Tied to Lost Colony

coastalreview.org/2018/05/trust-buys-land-possibly-tied-to-lost-colony/

By Submitted Story May 1, 2018



Initial digs in 2015 turned up English and Algonquian artifacts. Photo: First Colony Foundation

Reprinted from the Outer Banks Voice

Near the confluence of Salmon Creek and Albemarle Sound in Bertie County, archaeologists continue to uncover artifacts that may reveal clues to the 400-year mystery of the Lost Colony of Roanoke Island.

Thanks to the recent purchase of nearly 1,000 acres by the Coastal Land Trust, this land and its natural, historic, archaeological and cultural significance will be protected.

The property, which is the subject of archaeological research by The First Colony Foundation and is referred to as "Site X," hosts a variety of significant archaeological resources.

Algonquian Indian artifacts have been found on the site. English artifacts attributable to the period and indicative of settlement by the Roanoke colonists have also been found, which some researchers say could be evidence that a group of survivors from the colony relocated to this area after leaving Roanoke Island in the late 1580s.

The 1,000 acres acquired by the Coastal Land Trust also features 3.5 miles of frontage along Salmon Creek, floodplain forests of cypress-gum swamp and bottomland hardwood forest, along with tidal freshwater marsh recognized as ecologically significant by the North Carolina Natural Heritage Program.

"This is the most ambitious and exciting project in the Coastal Land Trust's history," said Camilla Herlevich, the trust's executive director.

"The property was previously permitted for a 2,800-unit development and a 212-slip marina," Herlevich said. "We greatly appreciate the financing for today's purchase, made possible with a loan from The Conservation Fund that will be repaid with public and private funding."

"Additional funding was provided by a grant from the Enviva Forest Conservation Fund," said Herlevich. "Now, we must raise more than \$5 million in the months to come to ensure that these irreplaceable lands and resources can be turned over to North Carolina State Parks to allow generations to come to enjoy them."

"This project is well worth the efforts by the Coastal Land Trust. It enhances and supports the county commissioners' commitment to protect the Albemarle Sound waterfront and to encourage ecotourism," said Bertie County Manager Scott Sauer.

Once all funds needed to repay the loan have been raised, the Coastal Land Trust will transfer the property to North Carolina's Division of Parks and Recreation for management as the Salmon Creek State Natural Area.

Legislation authorizing creation of the new state natural area was enacted this summer by the N.C. General Assembly. Until that time, the land is subject to a farm and hunt leases and is closed to the public.

"The Salmon Creek area stands out due to its unique archaeological resources, its rich cultural history, and its truly pristine ecosystems," said Mike Murphy, director of N.C. State Parks. "We are so grateful that the Coastal Land Trust is protecting this land so that it can become a state natural area in Bertie County, a beautiful part of our state that is currently under served by the North Carolina State Parks system."

This story is provided courtesy of the <u>Outer Banks Voice</u>, a digital newspaper covering the Outer Banks. Coastal Review Online is partnering with the Voice to provide readers with more environmental and lifestyle stories of interest about our coast.



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Soothing Water

Grant recommended for development of Bertie County's Albemarle Sound park

By GENE MOTLEY

Staff Writer

RALEIGH – Bertie County has been recommended for a grant award of \$500,000 from the NC Parks and Recreation Trust Fund Authority (PARTF).

The county received the news Aug. 25 at the state capital, and the County Commissioners were quick to respond.

Governor Pat McCrory will make a final announcement of the grantees at an upcoming date.

"This is a home run for Bertie County citizens," said Chairman John Trent

Trent further explained that the Board successfully negotiated a price reduction of \$250,000 in June



PHOTO COURTESY OF BERTIE COUNTY

The North Carolina Parks and Recreation Trust Fund Authority recommended a grant award to Bertie County for \$500,000 last week to aid in the development of the 137 acre Albemarle Sound-front property located off US-17 north near Merry Hill. The grant will help further reduce the price the county paid for the land.

See GRANT, Page 5



LOCAL

Lost Colony clues found on coastal site that will become a NC natural area

BY BRUCE HENDERSON bhenderson@charlotteobserver.com

September 13, 2017 04:24 PM

A land conservation group has acquired 1,000 acres in coastal North Carolina that might hold clues to the disappearance of the Lost Colony.

The Coastal Land Trust said Wednesday it has acquired the property near the confluence of Salmon Creek and Albemarle Sound in Bertie County. The site holds swamps, hardwood forests and a freshwater marsh that the state has recognized as ecologically significant.

But those tantalized by the mystery of the 117 men, women and children who disappeared from Roanoke Island in the late 1580s have other reasons to appreciate the property.

Site X, as archaeologists call it, holds clues that might be linked to the ill-fated English colonists. They left behind dismantled homes and fortifications and "Croatoan" carved into a fence post, a possible reference to what's now called Hatteras Island.

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Research at the site by the First Colony Foundation has turned up Algonkian Indian artifacts and English relics from the colonists' period that hint at settlement. Some researchers believe that's evidence that Lost Colony survivors relocated to the area, 60 miles west of where they were last seen, after leaving Roanoke.

Before its acquisition by the land trust, the land trust said, the site had been been approved for a 2,800-unit development and marina.

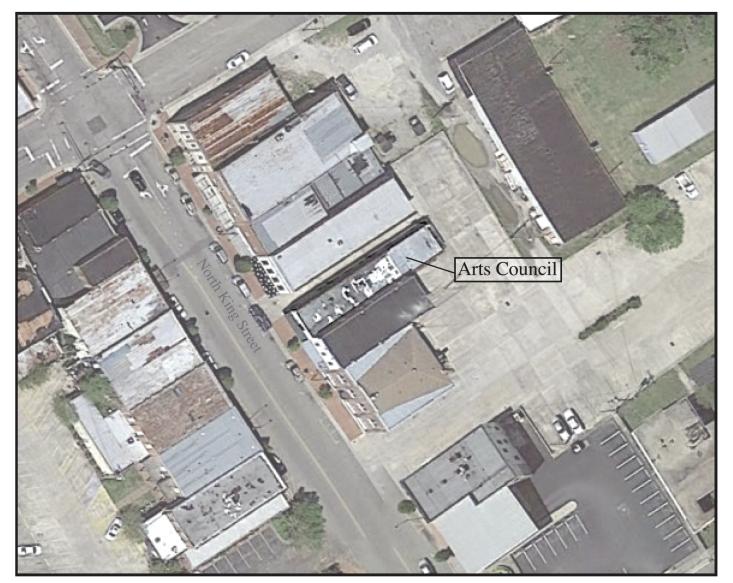
Executive director Camilla Herlevich called the acquisition "the most ambitious and exciting project in the Coastal Land Trust's history." The trust has helped protect 68,000 acres of coastal land since 1992.

The Conservation Fund, a national group, loaned the group money to buy the land. The Conservation Fund will be repaid with public and private money. The Enviva Forest Conservation Fund also granted money for the project.

The Coastal Land Trust said it plans to raise \$5 million to repay the acquisition costs, then transfer the site to the state parks division as the Salmon Creek State Natural Area. Legislators approved creation of the natural area this summer.

Bertie County officials said the acquisition will help protect the Albemarle Sound waterfront and boost ecotourism in the region.

Bruce Henderson: 704-358-5051, @bhender



Bertie County Arts Council

150 Feet

NA

124 South King Street Windsor, North Carolina 27983

35° 59' 51" N 76° 56' 45" W

<1.0 Acres Tax Value: \$78,986



Askewville Preschool

121 East Askewville Road Windsor, North Carolina 27983 250 Feet

8.97 Acres

Tax Value: \$1,844,514



36° 06' 32" N 76° 56' 11" W



Aulander Community Building

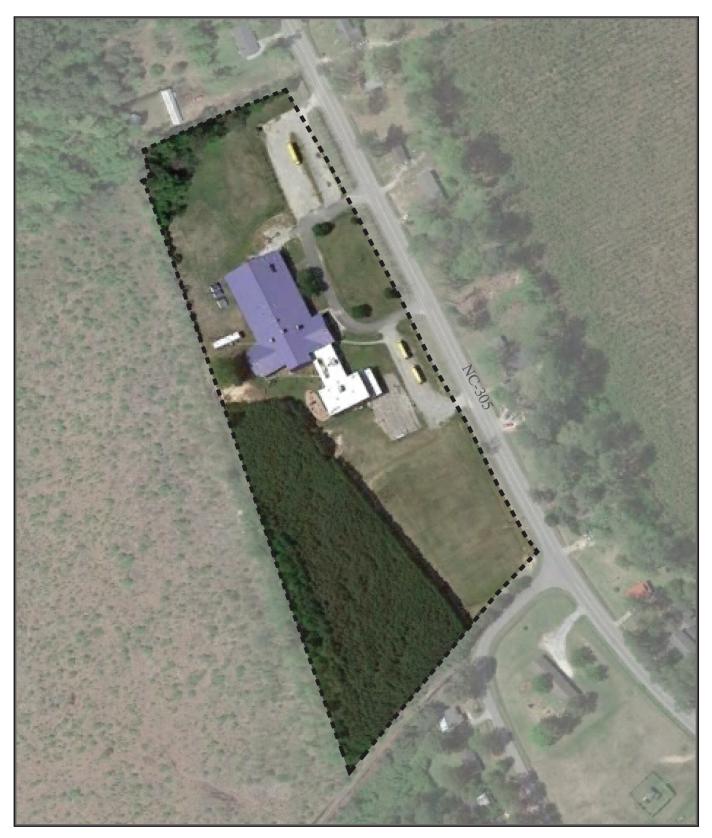
116 South Commerce Street Aulander, North Carolina 27805

36° 13' 41" N 77° 06' 51" W

N 🛦 100 ft

0.87 Acres

TaxValue: \$115,277



Aulander Elementary

400 Feet

NA

2515 NC 305 Aulander, North Carolina 27805 10 Acres

Tax Value: \$2,294,908

36° 12' 52" N 77° 06' 20" W



Bertie County Parks & Recreation Complex

1538 South King Street Windsor, North Carolina 27983

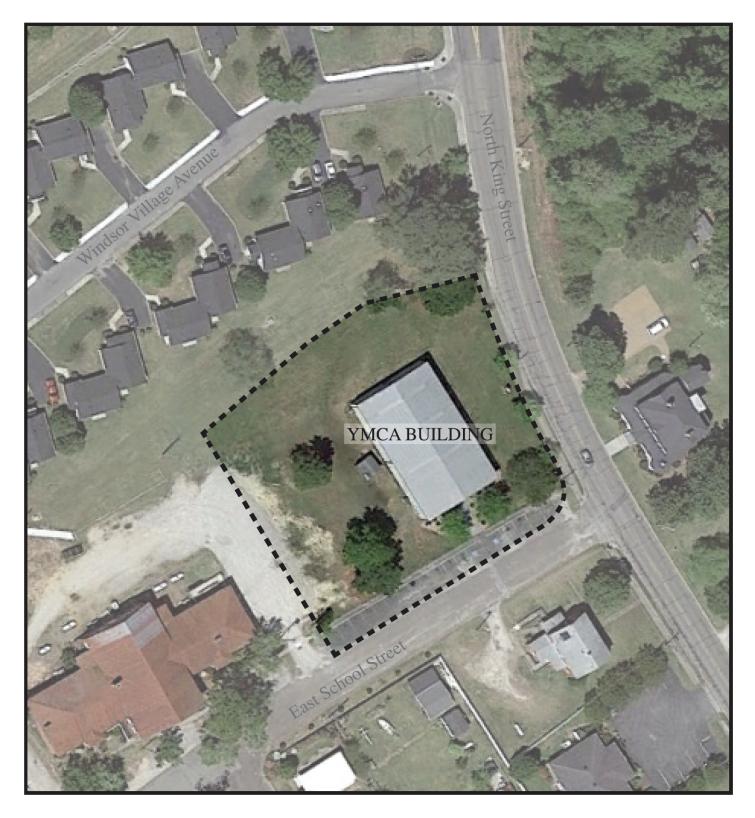
38.5 Acres

500 Feet



Tax Value: \$227,773

35° 59' 41" N 76° 54' 54" W



Bertie County YMCA

1102 North King Street Windsor, North Carolina 27983 200 Feet 1.08 Acres

Tax Value: \$324,695



36° 00' 25" N 76° 57' 13" W



Bertie Early College

500 Feet

NA

819 Governors Road Windsor, North Carolina 27983

36° 02' 00" N 77° 00' 50" W

18.74 Acres Tax Value: \$2,096,255



Bertie High School

716 US-13 North Windsor, North Carolina 27983

36° 03' 03" N 76° 58' 07" W

500 Feet

46.5 Acres

Tax Value: \$15,128,779





Bertie Middle School

652 US-13 North Windsor, North Carolina 27983

36° 02' 51" N 76° 57' 52" W

500 Feet

53.61 Acres

Tax Value: \$11,174,118

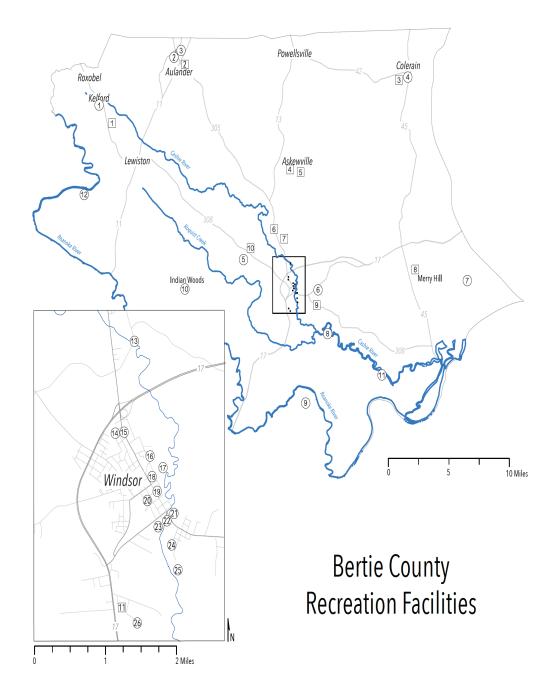


Recreation \bigcirc

- 1. Kelford Community Park
- 2. Aulander Tennis Courts
- 3. John A. Drew Field of Dreams Memorial Park
- 4. Colerain Senior Center
- 5. Historic Hope Plantation
- 6. Bertie County Parks & Recreation Complex
- 7. Scotch Hall Preserve
- 8. Bertie County Game Lands
- 9. Roanoke River National Wildlife Refuge
- 10. Blue Jay Park
- 11. Sans Souci Ferry Cashie River Access
- 12. Lewiston Woodville Roanoke River Access
- 13. Hoggard Mill Fishing Pier & Small Boat Launch
- 14. Council on Aging & Senior Center
- 15. Bertie County YMCA
- 16. Davis Ballpark
- 17. Cashie Wetland Walk & Canoe Trail
- 18. Livermon Park & Mini Zoo
- 19. Bertie County Arts Council
- 20. Windsor Tennis Courts
- 21. Rotary Club Park
- 22. Williford Park
- 23. Roanoke Cashie River Center Boardwalk & Access
- 24. Cashie River Disc Golf Course
- 25. Cashie River Treehouse Village Campground & Access
- 26. Cashie Golf & Country Club

Education

- 1. West Bertie Elementary School
- 2. Aulander Elementary School
- 3. Colerain Elementary School
- 4. Bethel Assembly Christian Academy
- 5. Askewville Preschool
- 6. Bertie High School
- 7. Bertie Middle School
- 8. Lawrence Academy
- 9. Windsor Elementary School
- 10. Bertie Early College & STEM High School
- 11. Heritage Collegiate Leadership Academy





Blue Jay Park

1653 Indian Woods Road Windsor, North Carolina 27983

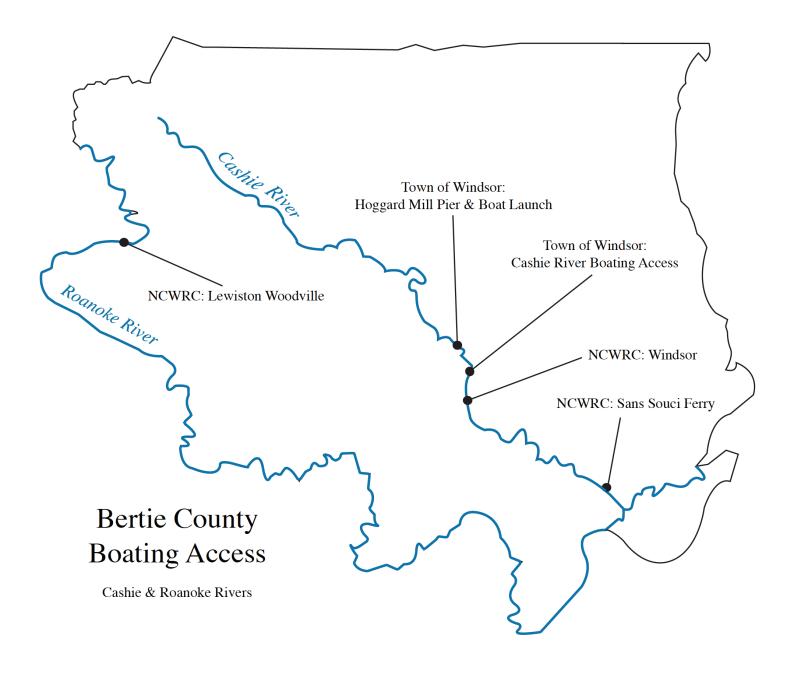
35° 59' 55" N 77° 06' 25" W

500 Feet

5.59 Acres

Tax Value: \$26,060





Cashie Golf & Country Club



200 Feet

POOL

132 Country Club Road Windsor, North Carolina 27983

35° 58' 33" N 76° 57' 04" W

500 Feet

87.92 Acres



Tax Value: \$554,589



Colerain Elementary School

202 North Academy Street Colerain, North Carolina 27924

36° 11' 58" N 76° 46' 17" W

400 Feet

14.18 Acres

Tax Value: \$1,993,615





Council on Aging

103 West School Street Windsor, North Carolina 27983

36° 00' 24" N 76° 57' 15" W

400 Feet

8.53 Acres

Tax Value: \$946,194





Rascoe Street Windsor, North Carolina 27983

36° 00' 09" N 76° 56' 47" W

31.85 Acres

Tax Value: \$31,149

400 Feet





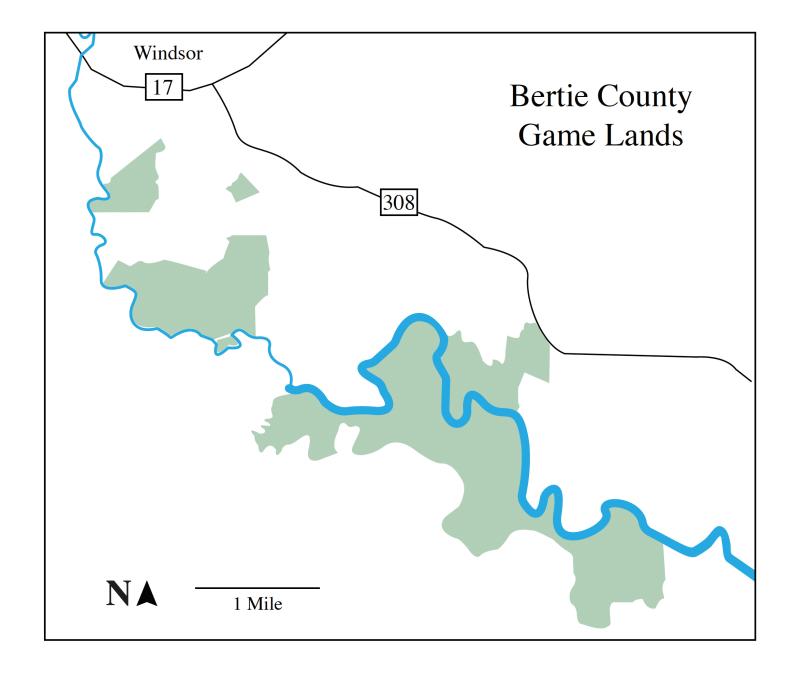
Aulander Fitness Trail 0.15 mi

100 feet



John A. Drew Field of Dreams

117 Rice Avenue Aulander, NC 27805 36° 13'46" N 77°06'27" W 6.23 Acres Tax Value: \$133,126





Historic Hope Plantation

132 Hope House Road Windsor, North Carolina 27983

36° 01' 43" N 77° 01' 06" W

44.69 Acres

Tax Value: \$2,092,083

300 ft





Lawrence Academy

Main Campus 148 Avoca Farm Road Merry Hill, North Carolina 27957

36° 00' 38" N 76° 46' 07" W

400 Feet

NA

8.83 Acres

Tax Value: \$1,230,840



Lawrence Academy

Recreation Facilities 349 Old Merry Hill Road Merry Hill, North Carolina 27957 500 Feet

38.99 Acres

Tax Value: \$43,501



36° 00' 32" N 76° 46' 07" W



Livermon Park & Mini Zoo

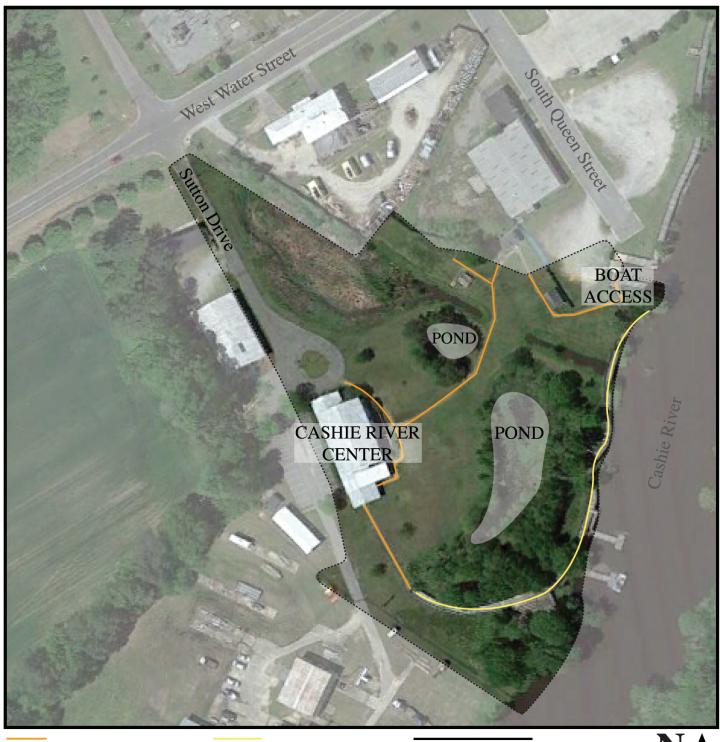
150 ft



102 York Street Windsor, North Carolina 27983 3.26 Acres

35° 59' 57" N 76° 56' 44" W

Tax Value: \$58,800



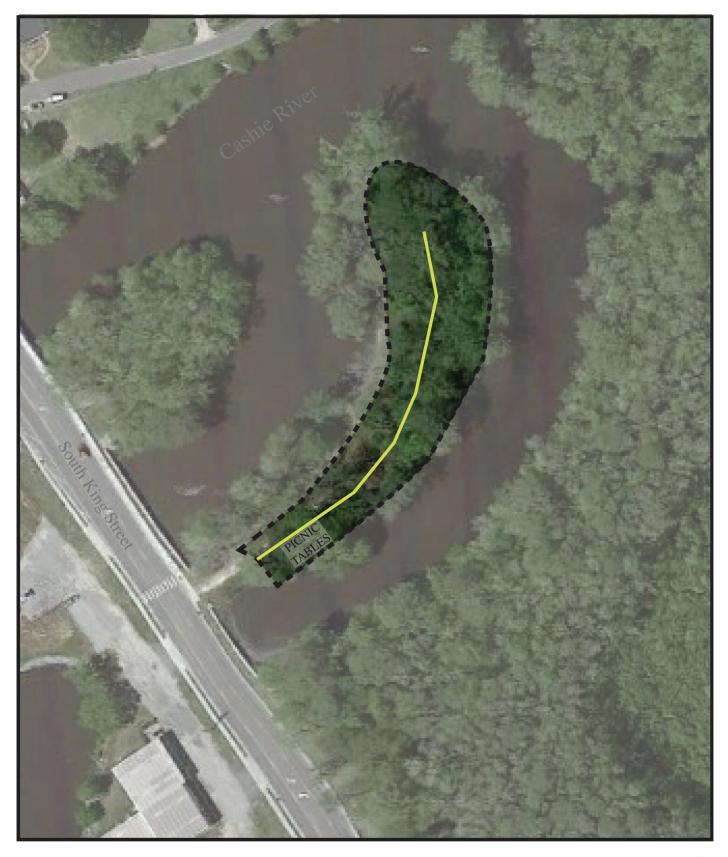
Sidewalk Boardwalk 150 ft N

Cashie River Center & Boating Access

110 West Water Street Windsor, North Carolina 27983 4.8 Acres

35° 59' 28" N 76° 56' 39" W

Tax Value: \$597,504



Rotary Club Park

Trail

200 Feet

NA

508 South King Street Windsor, North Carolina 27983

1.00 Acre

Tax Value: \$8,000

35° 59' 36" N 76° 56' 28" W



Scotch Hall Preserve

105 Scotch Hall Court Merry Hill, North Carolina 27597

35° 59' 56" N 76° 41' 25" W

1,000 ft

698.76 Acres

Tax Value: \$5,418,101





Cashie River Treehouse & Camp Ground

402 Elm Street Windsor, North Carolina 27983 19 Acres

Tax Value: \$118,530

35° 59' 03" N 76° 56' 24" W



West Bertie Elementary School

300 Feet

NA

3734 Governors Road Kelford, North Carolina 27847

12.32 Acres

Tax Value: \$2,725,770

36° 09' 27" N 77° 12' 53" W



Williford Park

150 Feet

NA

507 South King Stree Windsor, North Carolina 27983 0.6 Acres

Tax Value: \$89,182

35° 59' 34" N 76° 56' 32" W



Windsor Elementary School

7.37 Acres

Tax Value: \$3,993,924

500 Feet

NA

104 Cooper Hill Road Windsor, North Carolina 27983

35° 59' 15" N 76° 55' 16" W



Windsor Tennis Courts & Community Building

100 feet

NA

201 South Queen Street Windsor, NC 27983

Acres: 0.905 Tax Value: \$81,743

35°59'44" N 76°56'49" W

Appendix H. Bertie County Park & Recreation ADA Accessibility Assessment Score Summary

FACILITY	Total Score
Bertie County Parks and Recreation	
Bertie County Arts Council	24
Bertie County Parks & Recreation Complex	21
Council on Aging Center	10
Bertie County YMCA	27
Private/Semi-Private Facilities	
Scotch Hall Preserve	
Cashie Golf & Country Club	28
Davis Ballpark	2
State/Federal Facilities	
Historic Hope Plantation	25
Roanoke River National Wildlife Refuge	25
Bertie Co. Cooperative Extension Service	30
EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	
Bertie County Board of Education	
Aulander Elementary	19
Colerain Elementary	17
West Bertie Elementary	16
Askewville Preschool	18
Bertie Early College High School	20
Bertie High School	30
Bertie Middle School	25
Windsor Elementary School	20
Bertie STEM High School	30
Private/Charter Schools	
Lawrence Academy	20
Bethel Assembly Christian Academy	18
Heritage Collegiate Leadership Academy	20
MUNCIPALTIES/COMMUNITIES	
Town of Windsor	
Cashie River Boating Access Area	31
Cashie River Treehouse Village	32
Cashie Wetland Walk & Canoe Trail	16
Livermon Park & Mini Zoo	28
Roanoke/Cashie River Center & Boardwalk	30
Rotary Park	1

Williford Park	6
Cashie River Campground	19
Cashie River Disc Golf Course	3
Windsor Tennis Courts	16
Others	
Kelford Community Park	
Joseph Acree Gymnasium	
John A. Drew Field of Dreams Memorial Park	
Aulander Community Bldg. Tennis Courts	
Blue Jay Park - Indian Woods Community	
Colerain Senior Center	
BOATING & FISHING ACCESS AREAS	
BOATING & FISHING ACCESS AREAS	17
BOATING & FISHING ACCESS AREAS NCWRC Boating Access	17
BOATING & FISHING ACCESS AREAS NCWRC Boating Access Elm Street	17
BOATING & FISHING ACCESS AREAS NCWRC Boating Access Elm Street San Souci Ferry	17
BOATING & FISHING ACCESS AREAS NCWRC Boating Access Elm Street San Souci Ferry Lewiston-Woodville	17
BOATING & FISHING ACCESS AREAS NCWRC Boating Access Elm Street San Souci Ferry Lewiston-Woodville Municipality Boating and Fishing Access	17
BOATING & FISHING ACCESS AREAS NCWRC Boating Access Elm Street San Souci Ferry Lewiston-Woodville Municipality Boating and Fishing Access Cashie River Boating Access Area	17

Key: 0 = No 1 = Yes * = Not Applicable.

Score Categories

0 - 4 = Poorly Accessible 5 -19 = Partially Accessible 20-34 = Accessible with Limitations

THE PRINCIPLES OF UNIVERSAL DESIGN

Compiled by advocates of universal design, listed in alphabetical order: Bettye Rose Connell, Mike Jones, Ron Mace, Jim Mueller, Abir Mullick, Elaine Ostroff, Jon Sanford, Ed Steinfeld, Molly Story, and Gregg Vanderheiden

Major funding provided by: The National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research, U.S. Department of Education

UNIVERSAL DESIGN:

The design of products and environments to be usable by all people, to the greatest extent possible, without the need for adaptation or specialized design.

The authors, a working group of architects, product designers, engineers and environmental design researchers, collaborated to establish the following Principles of Universal Design to guide a wide range of design disciplines including environments, products, and communications. These seven principles may be applied to evaluate existing designs, guide the design process and educate both designers and consumers about the characteristics of more usable products and environments.

The Principles of Universal Design are presented here, in the following format: name of the principle, intended to be a concise and easily remembered statement of the key concept embodied in the principle; definition of the principle, a brief description of the principle's primary directive for design; and guidelines, a list of the key elements that should be present in a design which adheres to the principle. (Note: all guidelines may not be relevant to all designs.)

PRINCIPLES OF UNIVERSAL DESIGN:

PRINCIPLE ONE: Equitable Use

The design is useful and marketable to people with diverse abilities.

Guidelines:

- 1a. Provide the same means of use for all users: identical whenever possible; equivalent when not.
- 1b. Avoid segregating or stigmatizing any users.
- 1c. Provisions for privacy, security, and safety should be equally available to all users.
- 1d. Make the design appealing to all users.

PRINCIPLE TWO: Flexibility in Use

The design accommodates a wide range of individual preferences and abilities.

Guidelines:

- 2a. Provide choice in methods of use.
- 2b. Accommodate right- or left-handed access and use.
- 2c. Facilitate the user's accuracy and precision.
- 2d. Provide adaptability to the user's pace.

PRINCIPLE THREE: Simple and Intuitive Use

Use of the design is easy to understand, regardless of the user's experience, knowledge, language skills, or current concentration level.

Guidelines:

- 3a. Eliminate unnecessary complexity.
- 3b. Be consistent with user expectations and intuition.
- 3c. Accommodate a wide range of literacy and language skills.
- 3d. Arrange information consistent with its importance.
- 3e. Provide effective prompting and feedback during and after task completion.

PRINCIPLE FOUR: Perceptible Information

The design communicates necessary information effectively to the user, regardless of ambient conditions or the user's sensory abilities.

Guidelines:

- 4a. Use different modes (pictorial, verbal, tactile) for redundant presentation of essential information.
- 4b. Provide adequate contrast between essential information and its surroundings.
- 4c. Maximize "legibility" of essential information.
- 4d. Differentiate elements in ways that can be described (i.e., make it easy to give instructions or directions).
- 4e. Provide compatibility with a variety of techniques or devices used by people with sensory limitations.

PRINCIPLE FIVE: Tolerance for Error

The design minimizes hazards and the adverse consequences of accidental or unintended actions.

Guidelines:

- 5a. Arrange elements to minimize hazards and errors: most used elements, most accessible; hazardous elements eliminated, isolated, or shielded.
- 5b. Provide warnings of hazards and errors.
- 5c. Provide fail safe features.
- 5d. Discourage unconscious action in tasks that require vigilance.

PRINCIPLE SIX: Low Physical Effort

The design can be used efficiently and comfortably and with a minimum of fatigue.

Guidelines:

- 6a. Allow user to maintain a neutral body position.
- 6b. Use reasonable operating forces.
- 6c. Minimize repetitive actions.
- 6d. Minimize sustained physical effort.

PRINCIPLE SEVEN: Size and Space for Approach and Use

Appropriate size and space is provided for approach, reach, manipulation, and use regardless of user's body size, posture, or mobility.

Guidelines:

- 7a. Provide a clear line of sight to important elements for any seated or standing user.
- 7b. Make reach to all components comfortable for any seated or standing user.
- 7c. Accommodate variations in hand and grip size.
- 7d. Provide adequate space for the use of assistive devices or personal assistance.

Please note that the Principles of Universal Design address only universally usable design, while the practice of design involves more than consideration for usability. Designers must also incorporate other considerations such as economic, engineering, cultural, gender, and environmental concerns in their design processes. These Principles offer designers guidance to better integrate features that meet the needs of as many users as possible.

Version 2.0 - 4/1/97.

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Scanlon: Park is 'a gold mine'

By William F. West Staff Writer

Sunday, November 27, 2016

CURRITUCK – County Manager Dan Scanlon believes Currituck Community Park is "a gold mine" and an illustration of how efforts came together, in a shared vision, to create a site for education, to care for animals and for people, for recreation and for a commerce park for future economic development.

Early last week, Scanlon and numerous other officials dedicated a baseball and softball complex at the site, which is just off Shortcut Road and close to Currituck Regional Airport. Later in the evening at the monthly county commissioners meeting, and after brief comments about the site by departing Commissioner Vance Aydlett, Scanlon provided an extensive update on the project.

Scanlon told of groups coming from as far away as Baltimore, Md., and Raleigh, but also as close as from Bertie County, to see Currituck Community Park and to learn about the different partnerships formed and how the concept of the site became a reality.

Of the Bertie group's reaction, Scanlon said, "You would think they were watching fireworks."

Every time they would turn a corner and discover a new element of the site, they remarked, "Oooh" and "Aaah," he said.

The site features the Currituck YMCA, a Sentara Healthcare therapy facility, the Currituck Cooperative Extension Center and College of The Albemarle's Regional Aviation and Technical Training Center.

Scanlon said that the one downside of Currituck Community Park is that he and county staff haven't yet created "the critical mass" needed for Mainland Currituck to drive the development of hotels and dining establishments and all kinds of related developments.

However, he emphasized that Currituck Community Park, now with baseball and softball fields, has the ability to draw a couple of thousand of people every weekend, and that the site also will be in proximity to the future Mid-Currituck Bridge and the Outer Banks.

He particularly emphasized that when one starts having

tournaments at Currituck Community Park, people will need a place to buy drinks and nabs in-between ballgames, have dinner and spend the night.

Then, Scanlon said, will be the start of creating the critical mass that drives economic development.

"We've got a lot of things going on in a very small place that gives us a unique advantage to try to market and promote an area that is unique to northeastern North Carolina – and certainly unique to us – as we try to position ourselves against the port of Hampton Roads," he said.

"So, we have a gold mine here of things that seem random, seem independent, but actually the vision of bringing a lot of different people to the table has got us to where we have a pretty impressive site," he said.

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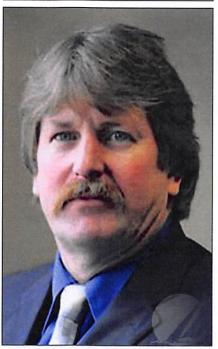


Scanlon: Park is 'a



Shoppers, merchants

1



Currituck County Manager Dan Scanlon

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Currituck to dedicate ballfields at Community Park Saturday

From staff reports

Friday, May 5, 2017

BARCO — Currituck County officials are scheduled to dedicate the county's new baseball and softball facility at Currituck Community Park in Barco, Saturday.

The dedication ceremony is set for 8:30 a.m. at the Currituck Athletic Complex, at 170 Maple Parkway, just off Shortcut Road.

County Manager Dan Scanlon previously has called Currituck Community Park "a gold mine," describing as an illustration of how collaboration and a shared vision have come together to create a site for education, care for animals, recreation and a commerce park for future economic development.

Currituck Community Park includes College of The Albemarle's Regional and Aviation Technical Training Center, the Currituck YMCA, the Currituck Extension Center and a new animal shelter.

Scanlon is also proposing to move the Currituck Sheriff's Office, Currituck Fire-Emergency Medical Services and Currituck Emergency Management from scattered locations in the northern part of the county to a yet-to-be-named site for a public safety center at Currituck Community Park.



Edward Farrington Jr., an employe of A.R. Chesson Construction, puts some of the finishing touches on one of the new ballfields at Currituck Community Park in Barco, Thursday. Currituck commissioners plan to dedicate the new baseball and softball facility on Saturday.

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Bertie County Parks and Recreation Survey

Purpose: This is a survey for the Bertie =County Recreation Department. Information collected will be used to assess potential improvements to quality of life and recreation in Bertie County. Please contact the Dr. Paige Viren at East Carolina University Department of Recreation and Leisure Studies with any questions at (252) 737-2425.

Leisure Studies with any questions at (252) 737-2425.
1. What three recreation activities or facilities (non-commercial) would you or any member of your household like to see provided?
*Non-commercial refers to facilities that are not privately owned (ie. not a movie theater, water park, or bowling alley)
Activity/Facility 1 Activity/Facility 2 Activity/Facility 3
2. What three INDOOR recreation activities or facilities (non-commercial) would you or any member of your household like to see provided?
Activity/Facility 1 Activity/Facility 2 Activity/Facility 3
3. Please indicate your level of agreement with the following statement:
Bertie County meets the recreational and leisure needs of me and/or the members of my household.
O Strongly O Disagree O Neither O Agree O Strongly Agree Disagree Agree/Nor Disagree
4. In what ways can Bertie County better meet the recreational and leisure needs of you and/or members of your household?
5. How do you receive information about programs offered by Bertie County Recreation? Select all that apply.
 □ Newspaper □ Direct mail □ Brochures/Flyers □ Phone □ Word of mouth □ Other (specify)
 □ Email/Electronic newsletter □ I do not receive this information □ County website/Online □ Social media (e.g. Facebook, Twitter)

6. Of the choices you selected, what is the primary programs offered by Bertie County Recreation? Ple	• •
 Newspaper Direct mail Brochures/Flyers Email/Electronic newsletter 	 Phone Word of mouth Other (specify) I do not receive this information
County website/OnlineSocial media (e.g. Facebook, Twitter)	Tuo not receive this information
7. Over the next 5-10 years, what do you think sho	uld be the department's top 3 priorities?
Rank answer choices in order of importance by placing a 1 r important priority, and a 3 next to the third most important	
New parks New recreation center	
Renovation of current parks New/Improved programming Addition of sports leagues	

8. Where in Bertie County is each of the following parks/facilities needed? (If none are needed, please leave the line blank.)

Park/Facility	Location
Outdoor basketball courts	
Swimming pools	
Walking/Jogging/ Hiking trails	
Soccer fields	
Skateboard Park	
Gymnasium	
Fitness center	
Outdoor parks	
Public water access	
Bike paths	
Playgrounds	
Baseball fields	
Dog park	
Disc golf course	

9. What other types of parks/facilities do you feel that Bertie County Recreation is lacking (non-commercial)?

☐ Yes – (answer Q11 and Q12)☐ No – (skip to next page)	12)
11. Where in Bertie County is the line blank.)	11. Where in Bertie County is each type of program/activity needed for small children (ages 0-5)? <i>(If none are needed, please leave the line blank.)</i>
Park/Facility	Location
Music	
Sports	
Exercise	
Dance	
Art	
Swimming/Water	
Social events	
Professional Training	
Travel (e.g. Shows, Shopping, Sporting Events)	
12. What other types of progr	12. What other types of programs/activities are needed for for small children (ages 0-5)?

	15. What other types of programs/activities are needed for children (ages 6-12)?	15. What other types of prog
		Travel (e.g. Shows, Shopping, Sporting Events)
		Professional Training
		Social events
		Swimming/Water
		Art
		Dance
		Exercise
		Sports
		Music
	Location	Park/Facility
))? (If none are needed, please leave the line	14. Where in Bertie County is each type of program/activity needed for children (ages 6-12)? (If none are needed, please leave the line blank.)	14. Where in Bertie County is blank.)
	(15)	☐ Yes - (answer Q14 and Q15)☐ No - (skip to next page)
or children (ages 6-12)?	13. Are more programs/activities needed from the Bertie County Recreation Department for children (ages 6-12)?	13. Are more programs/activ

16. Are more programs/activi	16. Are more programs/activities needed from the Bertie County Recreation Department for teenagers (ages 13-17)?
☐ Yes – (answer Q17 and Q18)☐ No – (skip to next page)	18)
17. Where in Bertie County is blank.)	17. Where in Bertie County is each type of program/activity needed for teenagers (ages 13-17)? (If none are needed, please leave the line blank.)
Park/Facility	Location
Music	
Sports	
Exercise	
Dance	
Art	
Swimming/Water	
Social events	
Professional Training	
Travel (e.g. Shows, Shopping, Sporting Events)	
18. What other types of progr	18. What other types of programs/activities are needed for teenagers (ages 13-17)?

19. Are more programs/activit	19. Are more programs/activities needed from the Bertie County Recreation Department for young adults (ages 18-29) ?
☐ Yes - (answer Q20 and Q21)☐ No - (skip to next page)	1)
20. Where in Bertie County is a line blank.)	20. Where in Bertie County is each type of program/activity needed for young adults (ages 18-29)? (If none are needed, please leave the line blank.)
Park/Facility	Location
Music	
Sports	
Exercise	
Dance	
Art	
Swimming/Water	
Social events	
Professional Training	
Travel (e.g. Shows, Shopping, Sporting Events)	
21. What other types of progr	21. What other types of programs/activities are needed for young adults (ages 18-29)?

	24. What other types of programs/activities are needed for adults (ages 30-55)?	24. What other types of prog
		Travel (e.g. Shows, Shopping, Sporting Events)
		Professional Training
		Social events
		Swimming/Water
		Art
		Dance
		Exercise
		Sports
		Music
	Location	Park/Facility
)? (If none are needed, please leave the line	23. Where in Bertie County is each type of program/activity needed for adults (ages 30-55)?	23. Where in Bertie County is blank.)
	(24)	☐ Yes – (answer Q23 and Q24)☐ No – (skip to next page)
or adults (ages 30-55) ?	22. Are more programs/activities needed from the Bertie County Recreation Department for adults (ages 30-55)?	22. Are more programs/activ

25. Are more programs/activities needed from the Bertie County Recreation Department for seniors (ages 55+)?

26. Where in Bertie County is each type of program/activity needed for seniors (ages 55+)? (If none are needed, plea se leave the line blank.)

Travel (e.g. Shows, Shopping, Sporting Events)	Professional Training	Social events	Swimming/Water	Art	Dance	Exercise	Sports	Music	Park/Facility
									Location

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27. What other types of programs/activities are needed for seniors (ages 55+)?
<u>ج</u>

28. Are more programs/activit	28. Are more programs/activities needed from the Bertie County Recreation department for $ frac{f}{1}$	<u>families</u> ?
☐ Yes - (answer Q29 and Q30)☐ No - (skip to next page)	0)	
29. Where in Bertie County is	29. Where in Bertie County is each type of program/activity needed for families? (If none are needed for families)	needed, plea se leave the line blank.)
Park/Facility	Location	
Music		
Sports		
Exercise		
Dance		
Art		
Swimming/Water		
Social events		
Professional Training		
Travel (e.g. Shows, Shopping, Sporting Events)		
30. What other types of progr	30. What other types of programs/activities are needed for families?	

31. Do you participate, or anticipate participating, in the following activities for recreation in Bertie County? <i>(choose all that apply)</i>								
 □ Motor boating □ Sailing □ Paddle boarding □ Kayaking/canoeing □ Fishing 	 □ Bicycling □ Birding □ Horseback riding □ Hunting □ Other, please specify: 							
41. If you could tell the Bertie County Recreation better serve their citizens, what would it be?	on Department one thing they need to do to							
42. Are there any additional ways in which Bert existing park facilities that you feel were not al								
<u>Demographics</u>								
36. What is your gender?								
MaleFemale								
37. What is the highest level of education you h	37. What is the highest level of education you have completed?							
 Less than 9th grade 9th to 12th grade, no diploma High school graduate (includes equivalency 	 Some college, no degree Associate's degree Bachelor's degree Graduate or professional degree 							
38. What is your annual household income?								
 Less than \$10,000 \$10,000-\$14,999 \$15,000-\$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 	 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000-\$149,999 \$150,000-\$199,999 \$200,000 or more 							

39.	Are you Hispanic or Latino/Latina		
O	Yes No		
40.	What is your race?		
\mathbf{O}	White Black or African American American Indian or Alaska Native))	Asian Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander Other
41.	What is your age?		
	years old		

Thank you for your feedback!

This will be used in the planning efforts for parks and recreation in Bertie County.

----END----

Focus Group Script

ACKNOWLEDGE:

Hello everyone. I first want to thank each of you for taking the time to participate in today's session.

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My name is ______. I will be the moderator for today's focus group session. Our purpose today is to talk about parks and recreation in Bertie County, in order to help with planning.

AGENDA:

In regard to today's agenda, we will all be participating in a free flowing discussion. Throughout the discussion, it's important to remember that there are no wrong answers and that we are looking for different points of view.

MODERATOR:

I work for East Carolina University and I'm working on this project as a research partner to help learn more about parks and recreation programing and facilities in Bertie County. In addition to this focus group, we have also conducted surveys to assess public opinion, which will inform an updated parks and recreation plan for the county.

PERMISSIONS:

At any time feel free to excuse yourself for any reason. However, we do ask that only one person be up at a time to help keep the conversation flowing.

GUIDELINES:

In order to make this a successful research session, we have a few guidelines we would like to set:

- 1. Please talk one at a time
- 2. Talk in a voice as loud as mine
- 3. Avoid side conversations with your neighbors
- 4. Work for equal talking time
- 5. Allow for different points of view
- 6. Say what you believe, there are no wrong answers
- 7. Only one person up or out of the room at one time

INTRODUCTIONS:

Please introduce yourself to the group and tell us:

- Your name
- How long you have lived in Bertie County and what area you live in
- Your current occupation

FOCUS GROUP QUESTIONS:

- 1. What is the best thing about parks and recreation in Bertie County?
- 2. What parks and recreation activities do you participate in, and where?

- 3. What is the largest problem with parks and recreation in Bertie County?
- 4. What is one improvement you would make to parks and recreation in Bertie County?
 - a) Are there any current parks or facilities that you would like to see renovated?
 - b) Are there any parks or facilities that you would like to see added? (e.g. recreation center, swimming pools, basketball courts)
 - c) Are there any programs or activities you would like to see offered? (e.g. sports, arts, nature)

CLOSING:

Thank you very much for your participation in today's discussion. We really appreciate you taking the time to come and offer your opinions.

Healthy Out-of-School Time Wellness Policy Implementation Guide for Parks and Recreation Agencies





Your agency is working to make your afterschool and summer program healthier for youth, staff and families. But what happens when there is staff turnover? What happens when the staff person championing wellness efforts at your afterschool or summer program changes jobs? What happens when only some your agency staff understand the importance of health and wellness improvements?

The answer: Some amazing progress can be lost.

The Alliance for a Healthier Generation is dedicated to ensuring that the healthy improvements made in afterschool and summer programs are *sustainable improvements*. That's why the Alliance helps youth-serving organizations create their own wellness policy.

A wellness policy is a written document made up of several policies and language that outline an agency's dedication to children's health and wellness. Some programs use policies to define the types of foods that can or can't be consumed on premises, while others may set the requirement for minimum number of physical activity minutes during program hours. Many policies also focus on staff wellness to emphasize healthy role-modeling.

The purpose of this guide is to provide your agency with real-life examples, best practices and steps to help you implement a wellness policy and create sustainable changes at your site.

Customizing your Wellness Policy

Culture change takes time. Consider how you can you work with your leadership to identify the specific wellness goals that you want to prioritize and make into a wellness policy. The Healthy Out-of-School Time Model wellness policy (see end of guide) contains many ideas and suggestions you can use to develop and customize your agency's wellness policy . You may want to utilize the Alliance's Healthy Out-of-School Time Assessment to assist you in identifying which healthy eating or physical activity standards you need a formal policy to help implement. You may find that you're already achieving a standard, but are lacking a formal policy to ensure consistent implementation across your organization. Customization based on your agency's strengths and strategic goals will ensure the strongest wellness policy . See below for one agency's experience working with the Alliance's tools to customize their own wellness policy.

"One of the greatest benefits of the Healthy Out-of-School Time Assessment is the ability to take the information provided in the assessment, much of which we were currently doing within our program, and formalize it through program policy and staff guidelines. At the time of the assessment, we were meeting many of the standards through practice but not policy. This assessment acted as a guide for us to review our current program policies and staff manual and update for expected standards to be met. In addition, the things that we were not meeting were easily met through program improvements. Those that are still not met are on our Action Item list to be addressed in the future."

- City of Buckeye Parks and Recreation, AZ

Notice in the above example how the City of Buckeye Parks and Recreation used this time to review their current program policies and staff manual and made updates to ensure wellness standards were formalized within current documents that are familiar to and used by staff.

Policy Integration

As you look to implement a wellness policy at your agency, it is important to consider ways to integrate consistent messaging into other areas of organizational policy. Although having a strong wellness policy that can stand on its own is important, it will also be vital to the implementation of the policies if the language is consistent and supportive in other areas of your organizational materials. Do you have documents or manuals that outline staff responsibilities, core competencies or agency mission and values? Do you have staff onboarding materials and training documents that outline your agency's culture? See below for an example of integrating wellness language into other areas of organizational policy.

EXAMPLE 1

PURPOSE: To provide a safe, supervised environment for school-aged children.

PHILOSOPHY: The focus of the City of Buckeye (AZ) Kid's BASE Program is the enhancement of self worth and increased knowledge of each participant through the provision of quality supervision and effective programming. This is to be accomplished through the implementation of activities that are basic to personal development, physical wellness, socialization, and cultural awareness in a relaxed and enjoyable environment, made possible through qualified and enthusiastic staff, a cooperative school system, and a community interested in and responsive to the needs of its youth.

GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Create a sense of usefulness through:
 - a. Personal Development.
 - 1. children are made responsible for their behavior
 - 2. children participate in activities that require cooperation
 - 3. children learn problem solving techniques through role playing
 - 4. children participate in recreational activities
 - b. Physical Wellness.
 - 1. children participate in non-competitive and cooperative play
 - 2. children participate in "fitness" activities
 - 3. children participate in safety awareness programs
 - c. Cultural Awareness.
 - 1. children participate in instructional classes
 - 2. children participate in making a variety of art projects
 - 3. children are introduced to various media through speakers and demonstrations

EXAMPLE 2

Gwinnett County Parks and Recreation (GA) will:

- 1. Offer a variety of planned physical activities for persons of all ages and abilities.
- 2. Give all park and facility users access to healthy food and beverage options.
- 3. Partner with local community members, organizations and businesses to promote healthy habits and programs to residents and staff of Gwinnett County.
- 4. Provide day camps with healthy and safe environments for participants.
- 5. Deliver safe and healthy environments for all park and facility users to exercise, socialize and play.
- 6. Ensure that staff operates in safe and healthy workplace environments.
- 7. Designate smoke-free "Areas of Play" to keep all park and facility users and staff safe and healthy.

Wellness Policy Introduction

Including a clear introduction to your agency's wellness policy will provide relevant context to the reader. Additionally, outlining how this wellness policy connects to the National Recreation and Parks

Association's Commit to Health campaign, the National AfterSchool Association Standards for Healthy

Eating and Physical Activity, and the Alliance for a Healthier Generation's best practices, sets the tone for the reader that this work is legitimate, part of something bigger and backed by strong leadership. Use the introductory section as an opportunity to educate the reader and build their support for this work. Staff and families will become familiar with the rationale behind your wellness policy and be able to speak to your agency's role in health and wellness throughout the community. See below for examples from the field:

EXAMPLE 1

"The City of Bakersfield has adopted the following National Recreation and Park Association's Healthy Eating and Physical Activity Standards for our afterschool and summer programs. The Healthy Eating and Physical Activity standards were created by a national coalition of out-of-school time leaders to create evidence-based, practical values that foster the best possible nutrition and physical activity outcomes for children in grades K-12 attending out-of-school time programs." — City of Bakersfield Parks and Recreation, CA

EXAMPLE 2

"Staff and participants are required to support and implement the Healthy Eating and Physical Activity standards set forth by the National Recreation and Park Association that have been adopted by the City of Buckeye. Each site's staff is required to collaborate with the Alliance for a Healthier Generation in implementing the Healthy Eating and Physical Activity standards. Healthy Eating and Physical Activity standards are evidence-based, practical values that foster the best possible nutrition and physical activity outcomes for children in grades K-12 attending out-of-school time programs. We have partnered with the Alliance for a Healthier Generation to implement healthy eating, physical activity and youth engagement at our sites. Each site will provide technical assistance, planning and trainings for all staff. Sites are committed to the following Healthy Eating and Physical Activity standards and practices"- City of Buckeye Parks and Recreation, AZ

EXAMPLE 3

"According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), a healthy community is one that continuously creates and improves both its physical and social environments, helping people to support one another in aspects of daily life and to develop to their fullest potential. Park and Recreation Departments are at the center of healthy places designed and built to improve the quality of life for all people who live, work, learn, and play within their borders—where every person is free to make choices amid a variety of healthy, available, accessible, and affordable options. To show our commitment to community well-being and public health, The Florida Recreation and Park Association (FRPA) created the State of Health and Wellness Pledge. In working to meet the following standards, Park and Recreation agencies can take the lead in moving their community toward a better tomorrow"-Florida Recreation and Park Association

Staff Training and Rollout

Although the specific language used in your wellness policy is vitally important, the implementation and rollout of the policy is equally as significant. You will need to ensure that all levels of your agency's leadership and staff are made aware of the new wellness policy and that they understand the implications of such policies. Here are a some ways to ensure an effective wellness policy rollout:

- Include strong rationale in all onboarding and staff training materials and provide time for discussion among staff.
- Consider sharing this wellness policy to community boards or committees outside of your department. Local leadership and government officials are important allies for this work.
- Stay positive as you get started,. Expect to receive some push back, but remember to stay focused
 on the long-term vision of your policy and the importance of your agency's leadership role in your
 community's health and wellness movement.

 Consider including the rationale and policy details in your hiring process, staff onboarding, staff annual reviews and ongoing staff communications like newsletters or email blasts.

See below for three agencies' methods for implementing their wellness policy.

EXAMPLE 1

"Our staff thought that the ban on movies would be difficult for the children, however that was not the case. I think the staff missed it way more than the children! We received very few comments from the children that they even noticed we had banned movies. We have already been implementing all of the other healthy eating and physical activity standards, so continuing to implement them posed no issues."—City of Bakersfield Parks and Recreation, CA

EXAMPLE 2

"During our summer program, we have a policy that staff cannot eat or drink unhealthy items in front of the kids. We implemented this policy because if we want our children to eat healthy and be more aware of what they consume, it must start with the adults that are working with them. Staff must practice what they are teaching." – City of Fort Wayne Parks and Recreation, IN

EXAMPLE 3

"Standard: Park and Recreation agency receives up to date training on safe, physical activity trends in play.

- 1. Staff will receive a minimum of 8 contact hours annually for professional development on effective practices and strategies for planning all-inclusive physical activity.
- 2. Agency will create a staff policy to promote and encourage a physically active lifestyle.

Standard: Park and Recreation Agency is known for encouraging and teaching healthy eating habits.

- 1. Staff receive training on the role of healthy eating, physical activity, and social supports for health behaviors minimally once per year.
- 2. Evidence-based nutrition education is available to parents and youth.
- 3. Provide nutrition classes and program at little or no cost to community.

On	in the City/County of	, the undersigned pledges to positively
impact Commi	unity health through the impler	mentation of the above standards"
- Florida R	ecreation and Park Associatio	n, State of Health and Wellness Pledge

Give staff a voice in the development of your policies. This will lead to a smoother implementation. Here is a process you can follow to help ensure quality implementation of your wellness policy:

- 1. Convene a meeting or set of meetings for staff that represent multiple levels of responsibility in your organization. These individuals will become your Wellness Team. The person in your organization who is taking the lead on this work will facilitate the meeting and explain why your organization is developing a wellness policy. Remember, the decision to implement a wellness policy may not be up for discussion, but what the policies will entail and look like can be shaped by staff voice. This representation is crucial for staff buy-in and effective implementation.
 - a. For multi-site organizations, Wellness Team members may include your executive director, regional program director, site directors, and select group leaders.
 - b. For single-site organizations, Wellness Team members may include your program director, part-time staff, and program volunteers.
 - c. Consider adding a youth representative at each site to help create buy-in and a greater level of engagement with the youth you serve.
- 2. Once the Wellness Team has met and staff has had a chance to voice their ideas, you can now create the wellness policy. Allow Wellness Team members to go over the draft of the policy to ask questions and ensure open communication.
- 3. After feedback has been received, complete a final draft of the wellness policy that will be adopted and shared with the organization as a whole.
- 4. Set up training sessions for all staff who will be impacted by this policy. Communicate not only what the policy is, but the "why" and "how" of the policy. These sessions will be the Wellness Team's time to talk about why the policy is being adopted and to provide training on how sites will implement the policy. For example, if a policy was created that states all sites will offer 30 minutes of physical activity daily, the training should include ideas on different physical activity games and how to build this time into their schedules while still balancing all the other things they need to get done during program time.

- 5. Speak with the youth and families at your site about the wellness policy and any changes that will be coming. Get their thoughts on the best ways to implement the changes at the site.
- 6. Develop a communication document for parents, letting them know of the changes and the new policy and how this will benefit their children.
- 7. Ensure implementation. Solicit regular feedback from staff and continue to hold trainings to support staff in implementing policies at their sites. Some staff may need more assistance and guidance than others.

Recognize that implementing change is a process and may take more time than expected, but stick with it!

Final Thoughts

Wellness Policies may seem like a daunting task for an agency to implement, but they are essential resources.. They are lasting documentation of your change efforts and important guidelines that make this work clear, measurable, and official. Wellness Policies come in many shapes and sizes depending on the scope of your agency and should be unique to your community.

THE ALLIANCE FOR A HEALTHIER GENERATION'S HEALTH OUT-OF-SCHOOL TIME MODEL WELLNESS POLICY FOR HEALTHY EATING AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

[The Out-of-School Time Organization] (Hereto referred to as the Organization) is committed to the optimal development of every student. The Organization believes that for youth to have the opportunity to achieve personal, academic, developmental, and social success, we need to create positive, safe, and health-promoting out of school time environments throughout the year. The following Wellness Policy is based on the National Recreation and Parks Association's (NRPA) Commit to Health campaign—an initiative that supports the national implementation of Healthy Eating, Physical Activity (Healthy Eating and Physical Activity) standards in park and recreation sites across the country.

The Healthy Eating and Physical Activity standards were created by a national coalition of out-of-school time leaders to create evidence-based, practical values that foster the best possible nutrition and physical activity outcomes for children in grades K-12 attending out-of-school time programs. The Healthy Eating and Physical Activity standards have been adopted by many organizations, including the NRPA, the National Afterschool Association, and the Alliance for a Healthier Generation.

This policy outlines the Organization's approach to ensuring environments and opportunities for all students/youth to practice healthy eating and physical activity behaviors in out-of-school time settings. This policy establishes goals and procedures to ensure that:

- Youth participating in our out of school time programs have access to healthy foods throughout their time with us—both through reimbursable snack programs and other foods served or sold available throughout the Organization's campus—in accordance with Federal and state nutrition standards;
- Youth receive quality nutrition education that helps them develop lifelong healthy eating behaviors;
- Youth have opportunities to be physically active after school;
- Site staff, community partners and stakeholders engage in nutrition and physical activity promotion and other activities that promote youth wellness;
- Out-of-School Time staff are encouraged and supported to practice healthy nutrition and physical activity behaviors;
- The community is engaged in supporting the work of the Organization in creating continuity between schools and out-of-school time settings for youth and staff to practice lifelong healthy habits; and
- The Organization establishes and maintains an infrastructure for management, oversight, implementation, communication about, and monitoring of the policy and its established goals and objectives.

This policy applies to all youth, staff, and sites that participate with the Organization's programs.

1. HEALTHY EATING STANDARDS & BEST PRACTICES

1.A. Snacks and Meals

In support of the <u>Alliance for a Healthier Generation's</u> <u>Healthy Out-of-School Time Initiative</u>, our organization serves foods and beverage in amounts and types that promote lifelong health and help prevent chronic disease. To support this, our organization ensures that our snack and meal program:

- Prohibits serving foods with artificial trans fats
- Serves only fruit that is fresh, canned or frozen in water, 100% juice, extra light or light syrup or dried with no added sweeteners
- Serves only vegetables that are fresh, canned or frozen with no added ingredients except water, or dried with no added ingredients
- Serves a fruit or vegetable at every snack and/or meal
- Serves only grain products that are whole grain-rich
- Serves only dairy products (not including milk) that are non-fat or reduced fat
- Serves only protein foods (not including nuts and seeds) that are lean meat, skinless poultry, seafood, beans/legumes or eggs
- Serves only nuts or seeds with no added ingredients
- Serves only packaged snacks that meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards (such as granola bars, baked chips, etc.)
- Serves only frozen desserts that meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards (such as frozen fruit bars, ice cream)
- Provides plain potable water at all times at no cost to youth and staff
- Serves only plain low-fat milk, or plain or flavored non-fat milk, limited to 8 fluid ounces per day for elementary school students/youth and 12 fluid ounces per day for middle and high school students/youth
- Serves only 100% fruit or vegetable juice with no added sweeteners, or 100% juice diluted with water with no added sweeteners, limited to 8 fluid ounces per day for elementary school students/youth and 12 fluid ounces per day for middle and high school students/youth
- Prohibits serving full-calorie sodas, sports drinks or juice drinks (not including 100% juice)
- Prohibits serving diet soda, low-calorie sports drinks, or other low calorie beverages for elementary and middle school students/youth, and/or only allows these beverages for high school students/youth
- Serves only non-caffeinated beverages

1.B. Staff Training

Our staff will regularly participate in learning about healthy eating grounded in effective training models using content that is evidence-based. Training should be comprehensive (covers multiple topics), evidence-based (based on credible research), does not support a particular industry or food sector agenda and is delivered by qualified personnel. At least 2 staff members will be trained at a time.

Staff members who are charged with the responsibility for food service (to develop or serve a healthy menu) will receive training at least once a year. New staff members will be quickly oriented to healthy menu development (if scheduled training is at least a month away).

All staff members are trained at least once a year and coached throughout the year on the role that healthy eating, physical activity and social supports collectively play to support healthy behaviors amongst youth.

1.C. Nutrition Education

[The Organization] aims to teach, model, encourage, and support healthy eating by youth. Our program will offer evidence-based nutrition education to youth that:

- Does not support a particular industry or food sector agenda
- Is delivered by credentialed health or nutrition educators (i.e., have CHES- Certified Health Education Specialist, RD- Registered Dietitian, LD- Licensed Dietitian) or postsecondary degree in appropriate field) or program staff that have been trained by credentialed health or nutrition educators.

In addition, our program's Nutrition Education materials are made available to families through pamphlets, newsletters, email blasts or other means.

1.D. Celebrations and Rewards

Foods and beverages will not be used as reward or punishment. The Organization will provide directors and site staff with a <u>list of alternative ways to reward children</u>.

All events and celebrations that serve or sell foods and beverages will meet the <u>USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards</u>. The Organization will provide a list of healthy party ideas to parents and site staff, including nonfood celebration ideas. Healthy party ideas from the <u>Alliance for a Healthier Generation</u> and from the <u>USDA</u>.

1.E. Fundraising

Fundraisers will serve or sell foods and beverages that align with the <u>USDA Smart Snacks in School</u> nutrition standards or rely on non-food items.

1.F. Social Support

Our Organization and staff create a social environment (including positive relationships among staff, youth, families and community) that encourages children to enjoy healthy foods. This includes:

- Youth participating in food and beverage selection, distribution, preparation and/or clean-up
- Food and beverages served or sold at family/community events meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards
- Families receive guidelines about food and beverages that may be brought into the program by the family members or youth
- Our program has a process in place for discussing inappropriate food and beverage choices with families
- Our program's healthy eating practices are shared and discussed during parent/family/community meetings
- Our program develops family advisory groups and/or community network groups to support healthy eating in the community and at home

1.G. Staff Modeling

Staff will model healthy eating for participants. To support this, our program will ensure:

- When available and appropriate, staff sit and eat daily program snack or meal with youth
- Staff discuss the health benefits of snack or meal components with youth and have a process in place for discussing inappropriate food choices with youth
- Staff do not bring in/consume personal food or beverages in front of youth other than items that would not appear on the program's menu

1.H. Organizational Support

Our Organization supports healthy eating through management and budgeting practices. This includes:

- Budgeting for food costs so that our food service is aligned with the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards
- Accessing federal nutrition programs that assist with providing healthy snacks and meals to participants (i.e. National School Lunch Program (NSLP), Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP), Summer Food Service Program (SFSP).
- Not using our food budget for food based crafts (e.g. dried pasta for craft projects)
- Leadership support for healthy eating through coaching, mentoring and monitoring menu quality
- Foods served at staff meetings meet the <u>USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards</u>.
- Staff at all levels of the Organization model healthy eating on the job

1.H.a Community Partnerships

The Organization will [insert as appropriate to current efforts: develop, enhance, or continue] relationships with community partners (i.e. hospitals, universities/colleges, local businesses, etc.) in support of this policy's implementation. Existing and new community partnerships and sponsorships will be evaluated to ensure that they are consistent with the wellness policy and its goals.

1.H.b Community Health Promotion and Engagement

The Organization will promote to parents/caregivers, families, and the general community the benefits of and approaches for healthy eating and physical activity throughout the year. Families will be informed and invited to participate in the Organization's activities and events focused on health and will receive information about health promotion efforts.

As described in the "Community Involvement, Outreach, and Communications" subsection, the Organization will use electronic mechanisms (such as email or displaying notices on the Organization's website), as well as non-electronic mechanisms, (such as newsletters, presentations to parents, or sending information home to parents), to ensure that all families are actively notified of opportunities to participate in Organization-sponsored activities and receive information about health promotion efforts.

2. PHYSICAL ACTIVITY STANDARDS AND BEST PRACTICES

2.A. Physical Activity

The Organization offers opportunities for students/youth to participate in moderate to vigorous physical activity, through a variety of methods. The Organization will encourage youth to be physically active in Out-of-School Time settings by providing appropriate and reasonable options such as clubs, physical activity in afterschool, intramurals, or varsity sports, etc.

The Organization will dedicate at least 20% or at least 30 minutes of morning or afterschool program time to physical activity (60 minutes for a full day program) with at least 50% of this time dedicated to youth

being moderately to vigorously active.

2.B. Staff Training

Our staff will participate in learning about physical activity through effective training models with content that is evidence-based. Annual training should provide a minimum of 8 contact hours of professional development on effective practices and strategies for including physical activity that supports the USDHHS Physical Activity Guidelines.

Staff are trained not to withhold opportunities for physical activity and are trained to use appropriate alternate strategies as consequences for negative or undesirable behaviors.

2.C. Social Support

Our Organization and staff create a social environment (including positive relationships among staff, youth, families and community) that encourages children to be physically active. This includes:

- Staff led and participate in active play (e.g. games and activities).
- Staff do not withhold or use physical activity as a punishment.
- Youth participate in physical activity selection, Organization and leadership.
- Educational materials about physical activity are made available to parents/families, parent/family/community events incorporate physical activity and physical activity standards and practices are shared and discussed during parent/family/community meetings.
- Developing a family advisory group and/or community network groups that support physical activity in the community and at home.

2.D. Staff Modeling

Staff will model healthy physical activity behaviors by participating in physical activities and games alongside youth.

2.E. Organizational Support

Our Organization supports physical activity through management and budgeting practices by providing high quality physical activity experiences.

- Leadership supports physical activity improvements through coaching, mentoring and monitoring progress and participation in ongoing self-evaluation and program improvement strategies for physical activity programming.
- Organization promotes and encourages a physically active lifestyle among staff and ensures the liability and risk management policies enable staff to participate in physical activity with youth.

2.F. Environmental Support

Our Organization's physical environment supports physical activity by providing developmentally, ageappropriate equipment for games, sports and activities, adequate indoor and outdoor facilities for physical activity.

Our Organization provides adequate access to indoor and outdoor facilities through formal or informal shared use agreements with Healthy Out-of-School Time facilities

Our Organization provides positive messages about safe and developmentally appropriate physical activity through posters, pictures and books.



Out-of-School Time Site Name:
Organization Name (if applicable):
State:
Date:

Instructions:

About the Assessment: This is a self-assessment tool to identify the current strengths of your Out-of-School Time (OST) site in relation to 11 Healthy Eating and Physical Activity Standards (HEPA), as outlined in the Healthy Out-of-School Time Framework. Definitions for underlined words or phrases can be found in the Healthy Out-of-School Time Glossary located at the back of the Healthy Out-of-School Time Framework. As part of working with the Healthy Out-of-School Time Initiative, you will be asked to complete an Assessment annually. The information collected in the Assessment will be used to help your site identify potential wellness goals to work on throughout the year (including summer if your site operates during the summer). Completing the Assessment annually will also help your site track progress and provide the opportunity to reflect on the improvements made throughout the year. The results of the Assessment are confidential and will be used only for your action planning and Alliance evaluation purposes.

Getting Started:

After reading each best practice, mark "YES" for "Fully Demonstrating," "NO" for "Not Demonstrating or Partially Demonstrating," or "NOT APPLICABLE" if that practice is not possible because of your site's current structure.

- 1) **YES** "Fully Demonstrating" means that the practice is something your site regularly demonstrates and that the practice is integrated into your program structure so it can be sustained over time.
- 2) **NO** "Not Demonstrating or Partially Demonstrating" means that your site is not demonstrating that practice, or you feel like the site's efforts could be improved in that area. Any practice you mark as "Not Demonstrating or Partially Demonstrating" may later be identified as a goal on your Action Plan. Keep that in mind as you are completing your Assessment
- 3) **NOT APPLICABLE** Some practices may include "not applicable" as a possible response. Only select this option if that practice is **not feasible** to achieve at your site as a result of your site's current structure or composition (such as lack of eligibility for federal reimbursement programs or lack of physical space to operate an intramural sport program).

If you have any questions about terminology used in the Assessment or what a specific practice may look like in action, please refer to the HOST Framework Glossary and Roadmaps associated with each Standard.



HEPA Standards:

The Assessment is organized into 11 subcategories - six encompassing the Healthy Eating Standards and five encompassing the Physical Activity Standards. These categories highlight the different areas within out-of-school time settings that can impact healthy eating and physical activity practices and policies.

Healthy Eating (HE)	Physical Activity (PA)
HE 01. Snack, Meal, and Drink Quality	PA 01. Physical Activity Quality
HE 02. Staff Training – Healthy Eating	PA 02. Staff Training – Physical Activity
HE 03. Nutrition Education	PA 03. Youth, Staff, and Family Support – Physical Activity
HE 04. Youth, Staff, and Family Support – Healthy Eating	PA 04. Organizational Policies – Physical Activity
HE 05. Organizational Policies – Healthy Eating	PA 05. Site Environment – Physical Activity
HE 06. Site Environment – Healthy Eating	

F	Our program serves only dairy products (not including milk) that are non-fat or reduced fat.		
G	Our program serves only protein foods (not including nuts and seeds) that are lean meat, skinless poultry, seafood, beans/legumes or eggs.		
Н	Our program serves only nuts or seeds with no added ingredients.		
I	Our program serves only packaged snacks that meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards (such as granola bars, baked chips, etc.)		
J	Our program serves only frozen desserts that meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards (such as frozen fruit bars, ice cream).		
K	Our program provides plain potable water at all times at no cost to youth and staff.		
L	Our program serves only plain low-fat milk, or plain or flavored non-fat milk, limited to 8 fluid ounces per day for elementary school students and 12 fluid ounces per day for middle and high school students.		
M	Our program serves only 100% fruit or vegetable juice with no added sweeteners, or 100% juice diluted with water with no added sweeteners, limited to 8 fluid ounces per day for elementary school students and 12 fluid ounces per day for middle and high school students.		
N.	Our program prohibits serving full-calorie sodas, sports drinks, or juice drinks (not including 100% juice).		
О.	Our program also prohibits serving diet soda, low-calorie sport drinks, or other low calorie beverages for elementary school students, and/or only allows these beverages for high school students.		
P.	Our program serves only non-caffeinated beverages.		

HE	HE 02						
Sta	Staff Training – Healthy Eating:						
	staff regularly participates in learning about healthy eating grounded in effective training models using content	that is evidence	-based.				
	Best Practices for Achieving this Standard	YES	NO				
Α	All staff training on healthy eating is:						
	comprehensive (covers multiple topics)						
	 <u>evidence-based</u> (based on credible research) 						
	 does not support a particular industry or food sector agenda 						
	 delivered by <u>qualified personnel</u> 						
В	At least 2 staff members are trained at a time on healthy eating.						
STA	AFF MEMBERS WHO ARE CHARGED WITH THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR FOOD SERVICE:						
С	Staff members charged with the responsibility to develop or serve a healthy menu receive training at least						
	once a year.						
	Note:						
	 Such training may complement but not replace training for compliance or participation in federal 						
	food assistance programs (National School Lunch Program (NSLP), Child and Adult Care Feeding						
	Program (CACFP), Summer Food Service Program (SFSP).						
	In programs where food is not purchased by the program, the staff are educated on healthy menus						
	so that they may advocate with their food sources for quality menu items.						
D	New staff members charged with food service responsibility are quickly oriented to healthy menu						
	development (if regularly scheduled training is at least a month away).						
	STAFF MEMBERS:						
Е	All staff members are trained at least once a year and coached throughout the year on the role that healthy						
	eating, physical activity and social supports collectively play to support healthy behaviors amongst youth.						
F	New staff members are quickly oriented to how healthy eating, physical activity and social supports can be						
	used / utilized / integrated into organizational practices to encourage healthy behaviors (if regularly						
	scheduled training is at least a month away).						

HE	HE 03					
Νι	Nutrition Education:					
Our	r organization offers <u>evidence-based</u> nutrition education.					
	Best Practices for Achieving this Standard	YES	NO	Not Applicable		
Α	Our program offers nutrition education to youth.					
В	The nutrition education we offer is evidence based. For example: The program uses a curriculum that is grounded in nutrition and behavioral science such as CATCH Kids Club, Body Works, Harvard Prevention Research Center's Food and Fun After School or					
С	empowerME4Life. The nutrition education we offer does not support a particular industry or food sector agenda.					
D	The individuals that deliver our nutrition education are credentialed health or nutrition educators (i.e., have CHES, RD, LD or a postsecondary degree in appropriate field) or are program staff that have participated in training by credentialed health or nutrition educators. For example: USDA Cooperative Extension Agents deliver curriculum.					

HE 04

Youth, Staff, and Family Support – Healthy Eating:

Our organization and staff create a <u>social environment</u> (including positive relationships among staff, youth, families and community) that encourages youth to enjoy healthy foods and beverages.

0.10	sarages your to enjoy hearing roods and beverages.		
	Best Practices for Achieving this Standard	YES	NO
ON-	SITE:		
Α	Foods and beverages are not used as reward or punishment.		
В	All events and celebrations serve or sell foods and beverages that meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards		
С	Fundraisers serve or sell foods and beverages that align with the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards or rely on non-food items.		
YOU	JTH:		
D	Youth participate in food and beverage selection, distribution, preparation and/or clean-up.		
SITI	STAFF:		
Е	Staff sit and eat the daily program snack or meal with youth.		
F	Staff discuss the health benefits of snack or meal components with youth and have a process in place for discussing inappropriate food choices with youth.		
G	Staff do not bring in/consume personal food or beverages in front of youth other than items that would appear on the program's menu.		
FAN	MILIES & COMMUNITY:		
Н	Our program's Nutritional Education (refer to HE 03) materials are made available to families through pamphlets, newsletters, email blasts or other means.		
I	Foods and beverages served or sold at family/community events meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards		
J	Families receive guidelines about food and beverages that may be brought into the program by the family members or youth.		
K	Our program has a process in place for discussing inappropriate food and beverage choices with families.		
L	Our programs' healthy eating practices are shared and discussed during parent/family/community meetings.		
М	Our program develops <u>family advisory groups</u> and/or <u>community network groups</u> to support healthy eating in the community and at home.		

HE 05 Organizational Policies – Healthy Eating:					
Our organization supports healthy eating through management and budgeting practices.					
	Best Practices for Achieving this Standard	YES		NO	Not Applicable
Α	Our organization budgets for food costs so that our food service is aligned with the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards.				
В	Our organization accesses federal nutrition programs that assist with providing healthy snacks and meals to participants (i.e. NSLP, CACFP and SFSP).				
С	Our organization does not use our food budget for food based crafts (e.g. dried pasta for craft projects).				
D	Our organization's leadership supports healthy eating through coaching, mentoring and monitoring menu quality.				
E	Foods served at staff meetings are consistently/regularly healthy.				
	For example:				
	 Food served at all staff meetings is aligned with the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards. 				
F	Staff at all levels of the organization model healthy eating on the job.				

HE	HE 06						
Sit	Site Environment – Healthy Eating:						
	Our organization's physical environment supports healthy eating.						
	Best Practices for Achieving this Standard						
Α	Our program environment does not have posters or advertisements on the walls that promote unhealthy foods or beverages.						
В	Our program environment provides positive messages about healthy eating through posters, pictures and books.						
	Note: May also be through music, art, murals, signage, etc.						
С	Youth do not have access to food sources (i.e. vending machines, snack bars, etc.) that sell foods and beverages that do not align with the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards.						
D	Our program restricts screen time to avoid exposure to food marketing.						
E	Our program has access to adequate kitchen and storage facilities to support our healthy eating practices.						
	For example: Because we have no dedicated kitchen and storage facilities on-site, we have access to adequate						
	facilities through a shared-use or joint-use agreement with another organization (i.e. a school).						

PA 01

Physical Activity Quality:

Our organization's physical activity offerings support the <u>USDHHS</u> 2008 guidelines recommending that all youth obtain a daily minimum of 60 minutes of physical activity per day that includes a mixture of <u>moderate and vigorous intensity activity</u> as well as <u>bone and muscle strengthening</u> activities.

	Best Practices for Achieving this Standard	YES	NO	Not Applicable
Α	Our program dedicates at least 20% or at least 30 minutes of morning or afterschool program time to physical activity and at least 60 minutes for a full day program.			
В	Our program provides physical activities in which youth are <u>moderately to vigorously</u> active for at least 50% of the physical activity time.			
С	Our program ensures physical activity takes place outdoors whenever possible.			
D	Our program ensures that daily physical activity time includes: aerobic (i.e. bicycling) age-appropriate bone and muscle strengthening (i.e. jump rope, push-ups, sit-ups), and, cardio-respiratory fitness activities (i.e. running). 			
E	Our program provides a variety of physical activity options that are fun, recreational and life-long learning opportunities (i.e. swimming, bicycling, jogging, dancing).			
F	Our program offers unstructured free play or structured activities that involve all program attendees.			
G	Our program offers non-competitive activities (i.e. walking, running, dance).			
Н	If we have an intramural program, our program offers competitive physical activities that follow the National/State Standards for Physical Education.			
I	Our program offers activities that are adaptable, accessible and inclusive of all youth, including those with physical, sensory and intellectual disabilities.			
7	Our program conducts physical activities that are integrated with enrichment, academic or recreation content (i.e. goal-driven, planned, sequentially designed and delivered in a safe, inclusive, developmentally appropriate and success oriented manner).			
K	Our program provides short physical activity breaks between and/or within program activities to invigorate youth and eliminate long periods of sitting.			
	For example: When youth transition from one activity to another, physical activity is incorporated. (Standard continued on next page)			

L	Our program does not permit access to television or movies.	
М	Our program limits digital device time to less than one hour per day and digital device use is limited to homework or activities that engage youth in moderate to vigorous intensity physical activity.	

PA 02 Staff Training - Physical Activity Our staff participate in learning about physical activity through effective training models with content that is evidence-based. Best Practices for Achieving this Standard NO YES STAFF MEMBERS WHO LEAD PHYSICAL ACTIVITY: Receive annually a minimum of 8 contact hours of professional development on effective practices and strategies for including physical activity that supports the USDHHS physical activity guidelines. Receive annually a minimum of 16 hours of in-service training, including First Aid/CPR certification. For example: Orientation for new staff, health/physical activity training, behavior management training, etc. Are trained in adapting physical activity opportunities to include youth at all levels of athletic ability and those with physical, sensory or intellectual disability. ALL STAFF MEMBERS: Are trained not to withhold opportunities for physical activity (e.g. not being permitted to play with the rest of the class or being kept from play time) except when a youth's behavior is dangerous to himself or others. Additionally, staff members are trained to use appropriate alternate strategies as consequences for negative or undesirable behaviors. Are trained and familiar with curricular resources on integrating physical activity throughout the program.

PA 03 Youth, Staff, and Family Support – Physical Activity: Our organization and staff create a social environment (including positive relationships among staff, youth, families and community) that encourages youth to enjoy and participate in physical activity. Best Practices for Achieving this Standard YES NO SITE STAFF: Staff leads and participates in active play (e.g. games and activities). Staff does not withhold or use physical activity as a reward or punishment. YOUTH: Youth participate in activity selection, organization and leadership. **FAMILIES & COMMUNITY:** Educational materials about physical activity are made available to families through pamphlets, newsletters, email blasts or other means. Parent/family/community events incorporate physical activity. Our programs' physical activity standards and practices are shared and discussed during parent/family/community meetings. Our program develops family advisory groups and/or community network groups to support physical activity in the community and at home. **PA 04 Organizational Policies – Physical Activity:** Our organization supports physical activity through management and budgeting practices. Best Practices for Achieving this Standard YES Our organization budgets appropriately to provide high quality physical activity experiences. Our organization's leadership supports physical activity improvements through coaching, mentoring and monitoring progress. Our organization participates in ongoing self-evaluation and program improvement strategies for physical activity programming. Our organization's liability and risk management policies enable staff to participate in physical activity with youth. Our organization promotes and encourages a physically active lifestyle among staff.

Sit	PA 05 Site Environment – Physical Activity: Our organization's physical environment supports physical activity.				
-					
	Best Practices for Achieving this Standard	YES	NO		
Α	Equipment for games, sports and activities is age and developmentally appropriate.				
В	Equipment is sufficient to engage all participants and meets all required safety standards.				
С	Equipment supports-cardio-respiratory and musculoskeletal (bone and muscle strengthening) fitness (per USDHHS 2008 guidelines).				
D	Our program has adequate indoor facilities for physical activity.				
Е	Our program has adequate outdoor facilities for physical activity, including fields and playgrounds that meet safety standards.				
F	Our program has adequate access to indoor and outdoor facilities through formal or informal shared use agreements with host facilities.				
G	Our program environment provides positive messages about safe and developmentally appropriate physical activity through posters, pictures and books. Note:				
	May also be through music art murals signage etc.				